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PARIS, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1981

Established 1887



of the colorident-elect Reagan presents Mexican President Jose Lopez Portillo, right, with a single-shot of the president President Jose Lopez Portillo, right, with a single-shot of the president President Jose Lopez Portillo, right, with a single-shot of the president President Jose Lopez Portillo, right, with a single-shot of the president Jose Lopez Portillo, right, with a sin

#### Reagan, Lopez Portillo Meeting

### lose U.S., Mexico Ties Pledged

New York Times Service. States Man DAD JUARPZ, Mexico —
Kright is gent-elect Reagan has joined
in a second control of the control of th ball relationship as the ba George ld coming tensions and renew-

By Martin Tolchin

HAND HE HINGTON --- The 97th

se sonvened Monday with

ferent parties for the first

ince 1932, amid pledges of san cooperation that quick-

way to partistn skirmshes.

fol House, some freshmen Con-

ips and family members and waved from both galleries

e new, more conservative

cratic leaders sought rules

convened in a party at-

CLAgen bottle-fed infants on

ing friendship between Mexico and the United States. Greeting each other Monday at the Bridge of Friendship connecting this Mexican border communi-ty with El Paso, Texas, Mr. Reagan and Mr. Lopez Portillo amiled and clasped arms before

The Republican Senate, mean-

spaces between desks on the Democratic side of the misle, and the

"I hope our 26 years in power

nessee, the new majority leader,

Sen. Robert Byrd of West Vir-

inia, the new minority leader, said

that "As I look about me, I see the

slightly thinned ranks of the Democrats, and look at the other side

and see the slightly bloated ranks of the Republicans." Sen. Baker replied, "What seems

bloated on that side seems like po-

Pledging not to obstruct the Re-

publican majority, Sen. Byrd said that "we'll cooperate where we

can, when the administration's

programs make sense, and where

we differ, we'll differ constructive-

litical justice on this side."

On a Roll

told his Democratic colleagues.

"an enormously successful meering, full of symbolism."

"This has been a meeting of friends," Mr. Lopez Portillo said,

The fact that the meeting took place was in itself a symbol to the Mexicans, many of whose presi-dents-elect have traveled to the United States before taking office. Mr. Reagan is the first incoming American leader to visit Mexico. Mr. Reagan had mot Mr. Lopez Portillo once before, in 1979 on a trip to Mexico City.

In a joint statement after their th Congress Convenes with a Party Atmosphere

70-minute meeting, Mr. Reagan and Mr. Lopez Portillo said they while, was gaveled to order by Vice President Walter Moodale, in one of his last official acts. Many sena-tors commented on the increased "recognized that the diversity of issues of common interest to both countries implies a commitment to strengthen the extensive working relationship" between their two more crowded quarters of the Re-publicans, who last constolled the chamber in 1954. were "conscious of the fact that the culture of their two nations have both common as well as different characteristics" and that will be as enjoyable as your 26 years," Sen. Howard Baker of Tenthey would strive to take into account "the difference in the level

> The joint statement also said that the two discussed "various issues unencumbered by a struc-tured agenda," but it withheld de-

of development of both econo-

After the meeting Mr. Reagan returned to El Paso for a flight to Washington, where he plans to

stay three days.

Richard Allen, who has been designated Mr. Reagan's national security adviser, said that the two leaders had agreed to hold future meetings that would cover the problems facing all of Latin Amer-ica. But he said few such matters were discussed Monday.

He said that the two planned to

### Khomeini **Backs Bid** By Algeria Iraqis Contest

Iran War Claims Prom Agency Dispatches

TEHRAN — Iran's, religious leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini told his government Tuesday to accept undertakings by Algeria aimed at solving Iran's hostage dispute with the United States, Premier Mohammed Ali

Mr. Rajai, answering questions on state television, did not say whether he was referring to new moves by the Algerians, who have been acting as intermediaries in the crisis, or whether Ayatollah Khomeini was simply giving his blessing to the Algerians as media-

An official in Ayatollah Khomeini's office said Tuesday right that the ayatollah will amounce his decision in a couple days on the latest U.S. proposals to resolve the hostage crisis.

The official neither confirmed nor decision are neget that the systel-

The official neither confirmed nor denied a report that the ayatollah had agreed to accept unspecified guarantees by Algeria that could lead to the release of the 52 hostages. The official confirmed that the U.S. proposals were presented to Ayatollah Khomeimi Tuesday morning by Mr. Rajai.

Meanwhile, Tehran Radio ancounced that government spokesman Behzad. Nabavi would conduct a news conference in Tehran

duct a news conference in Tehran Wednesday morning. Mr. Nabavi is the head of Iran's hostage nego-tiating team. The broadcast did not indicate the purpose of the news conference.

On the military front, Iran claimed Tuesday that its armed forces wiped out two Iraqi bri-gades, capturing between 1,700 and 2,000 Iraqi soldiers and hun-dreds of tanks and other vehicles during the first day of the longthe invaders. An framan commu-nique broadcast carlier reported 200 Iragis killed and 45 wounded...

Baghdad Radio termed the counterattack a "myth existing only in the imagination of the Persian racist leaders." Iraqi military communiques reported "attempts against our forward positions that have all been crushed.

There was no independent confirmation of either side's claims. But Western military observers in the Middle East believe that ocither army is capable of carrying out a major offensive during the winter to break the three-month stalemate along the 550-mile-long

In Moscow, the Communist Parchief of Soviet Azerbaidzhan, Geider Aliyev, has called for in-creased security measures in the southern Soviet Union bordering

The comments by Mr. Aliyev. a (Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)



### Genscher Urges Pact On European Union

By Chris Catlin

STUTTGART - West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, apparently heralding an initiative by Bonn toward the European Economic Community, called Tuesday for an EEC treaty

on European union.

Mr. Genscher, speaking only days after Greece became the 10th member of the community, said the accord would be aimed at strengthening the basis for joint foreign policy and thus "increasing the community's weight as a partner of the United States."

The proposed treaty would also enhance cohesion within the EEC and help the community psycho-logically to overcome the difficult problems it faced this year and

next, he said. Meanwhile in Brussels, Luxembourg's Gaston Thorn, 52, Tuesday began his four years as chief executive of the Common Market. He has earned wide respect from other European leaders during two decades in politics, including five as premier of his country of 350,000.

#### First Meeting

Mr. Thorn and his 13 fellow commissioners are to meet for the first time Tuesday to decide formally on distributing policy port-folios among themselves. Eight of them are veterans, hav-

ing served under Britain's Roy Jenkins who Monday bowed out by praising the way the community had held together in the past four years despite serious problems.

Mr. Jenkins cited as the achievements of his term the establishment of the European monetary system and the Commission's heightened role in community af-

Mr. Genscher, leader of the Free Democratic Party, junior partners in Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's left-liberal coalition, told a party rally in Stuttgart that European union would mean extending com-munity policies which resulted from the existing treaties of Paris

As well as a common European foreign policy, there should be co-(Continued on Page 2. Col. 1) - (Continued on Page 2. Col. 8)

## **Polish Farmers** Stage a Brief Warning Strike

By Colin McIntyre

WARSAW -- The Polish government came under new pressure Tuesday as workers and farmers in the southeastern part of the country staged a warning strike and a group near the western border called for the dismissal of a government ministr

A government delegation opened talks with workers and farmers in the town of Ustrzyki Dolne, about 10 kilometers (six miles) from the Russian border. They have been occupying local government offices since Dec. 29 to protest police harassment of union activists.

The talks were suspended late Tuesday night and were to be re-sumed Wednesday at noon, union officials said.

The regional branch of Solidarity, the independent Polish union, earlier Tuesday had organized a one-hour warning strike at noon in three towns, and threatened to step up its protest if the government did not start talks on its grievances

by Tuesday evening.
The farmers are demanding the registration of a "Rural Solidarity" independent union. A Warsaw district court rejected the claim in October. The Supreme Court met last week to review the decision but postponed its ruling. The farmers also want permission to build a church in Ustrzyki Dolne.

Sources at the Warsaw branch of Solidarity also said workers and farmers in the southeastern town of Rzeszow occupied their local prefecture building Monday in support of the Ustrzyki Dolne protestors. They added that union branches in at least two other Polish cities had sent representatives to express their support of the farmers' demands.

#### Strike Alert

If strikes are called, they will be the first major work stoppages since the end of November, when Lech Walesa, the leader of Solidar-ity, called for a six-week moratorion strikes over the holiday pe-

Meanwhile, it was approunced that workers in the western city of

## West Europe Moving on

**Poland Loans** By John Tagliabue
New York Times Service

BONN - Plans by Western Eu-ropean countries to offer aid to Poland's ailing economy are begin-ning to take form.

Government sources in Bonn said Monday that West Germany agreed in December to guarantee loans to Poland totaling the equivalent of \$153 million. The loans, they said, would be made to help Warsaw pay for badly occded foodstuffs and industrial raw materials, in the next half year.

Also, the British government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher is reportedly considering similar credit guarantees for loans

amounting to \$238 million. These measures are the first in what is expected to be a concerted Western aid effort to help Poland's economy, suffering from the labor unrest of recent months. Western European countries, but above all West Germany, have been in the vanguard of aid efforts. They have heavy prior financial commitments to Poland, and also fear that further deterioration of the Polish economy could lead to Soviet in-(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

#### Communists in Catalonia Reject Carrillo

By Fenton Wheeler The Associated Press

MADRID — Spanish Commu-nist leader Santiago Carrillo was hit with a stunning defeat Tuesday as pro-Moscow Catalan Communists voted down his party doctrine of Eurocommunism and forced his aides from leadership

posts.
The setback temporarily left Mr. Carrillo, who has repeatedly con-fronted the Soviet Union over its rigid position against moderate Communism, without one-third of his organizacional supporters.

Interpreted in some Communist circles as a more of a return to strong trade unionism than a pro-Soviet shift, the reversal also ousted Mr. Carrillo's chief representa-

tive in Catalonia - an industrial region in northeastern Spain who was replaced by a union hardliner. The action came oear the end of a four-day convention in Barcelona of the Unified Socialist Party of Catalonia - the official name of the Catalan Communists.

The vote to drop the word "Eurocommunist" from all convention papers was 424-359 with 21 abstentions. Anti-Carrillo votes came mostly from militants in Barcelona's industrial belt.

#### Anti-Carrillo

The secretary-general of the Catalan party, Antoni Gutierrez Diaz, announced immediately after the vote that he would no long-er serve in an executive post. He

was considered Mr. Carrillo's principal representative for Eurocom-

Party sources in Madrid also characterized the vote as more anti-Carrillo than pro-Moscow and noted that the Spanish leader had been under criticism for several months because of a loss in party membership, authoritarian practices within the party and for being too close to the center-right government of Premier Adolfo Suarez.

Speakers against Eurocommunism, however, ooted that the doctrine - described by Mr. Carrillo as European-style parliamentary democracy with a Communist leadership taking power through free elections — has often put the Spanish party at odds with Warsaw Pact nations. They said Spain should adopt a stance more in line with Communists in France and Portugal.

It was not immediately clear how the party would specifically realign, but union organizer Francisco Frutos was named the new Catalan party's secretary-general and longtime Communist Pere Ardiaca was chosen party president. Both men worked underground during Francisco Franco's dicta-torship while Mr. Carrillo, who is now 65, was in exile. Both men were reported to be outspoken crit-

#### Close Call The Spanish Communist leader

ics of Mr. Carrillo's policy.

narrowly averted further embarrassment when a proposal backing the Soviet intervention into Afghanistan - and running counter to his national party's condemnation of the action — was defeated in committee. A motion supporting possible Soviet intervention in Poland was also defeated. There was no formal reaction to

the Catalan action in Madrid. But Communist sources here said similar party revolts against Mr. Carrillo's authority could develop in other regions, specifically in the northwest region of Asturias, home territory of Mr. Carrillo, and Andalusia in the south.

The Spanish Communist Party, with 23 seats in the 250-member lower house of the Cortes (parliament) is Spain's third largest party. Catalan Communists have eight of those seats but would hold the party line in Parliament despite differences within the party, said Com-munist sources in Madrid. They said there was no chance that they would join moderate Catalan nationalists who provide the government with eight seats it needs for a

majority.
Mr. Carrillo does not face a formal showdown within the party until its national convention this summer. The Catalans, with an estimated 30,000 members, are oot considered strong enough by them-

selves to oust Mr. Carrillo.

### (Continued on Page 2, Col 4) 'Radical' Ideas Taking Root in Oil Emirates

By Doyle McManus

Los Angeles Times Service
ABU DHABI, United Arab Emirates — Twenty years

ago, there was almost nothing here. Abu Dhabi was a village of a few thousand poor people living in mud huts, herding camels, fishing and diving for pearls.

Then oil money began pouring in and the sheikhdoms' problems began: There was just too much money to

It took the sheikhs 10 years to master that dilemma but, with eager help from U.S. and European bankers, they succeeded. They bought houses in London and farms in Australia, built airports and hotels and decowater ports at home, gave billions away in foreign aid and sent their young men to school abroad. Which created a new problem.

The money is coming in faster than ever, of course; this year, the seven principalities of the United Arab Emirates will share about \$15 billion in oil revenue, more than \$90,000 per citizen. (There are not many citizens, only 862,000 by December, 1977, estimates.)

#### Generation Gap

But for the first time in their history, the desert Arabs of the emirates are facing a generation gap — between fathers who remember the days when they were mostly impoverished camel-herders, and sons who do not. They all feel that it's normal to be millionaires," an

official of the older generation complained. They have no feeling of the value of public service," The young men of the United Arab Emirates, their fathers complain, are spoiled.

Some spend their time in the bars, the discotheques and the two ice skating rinks of Dubai, the emirates sin city. Others cruise the more sedate streets of Abu Dhabi. from Kentucky Fried Chicken stands to the nearby Pizza Hut, in expensive West German cars; among boys of high school age, the fashion seems to be riding around in chauffeur-driven Mercedes-Benzes.

But even more worrisome to their fathers, some young men have come home from college spouring a dangerous idea imported straight from the 18th century: democracy.

Visit any of the younger, Western-educated officials in Abu Dhabi's shiny new government buildings and you are likely to find a copy of Azmina al-Arabia, a weekly magazine whose politics, by Gulf standards, are nothing short of radical. The legitimacy of a ruler is in meeting the needs of his people," it warned recently.

Sheikh Zayed ibn Sultan al-Nabayan, the prince of Abu Dhabi and president of the seven-emirate federation, recently ordered a purge of the faculty of the university

#### Young Technocrats Chafe **Under Absolutist Sheikhs** he founded at the desert oasis of Al Ain. There was too

much liberal thinking going on," a diplomat said.

And the young federal National Assembly, the UAE's purely advisory parliament, is showing signs of assertive-ness again as the country's "provisional" constitution comes up for renewal — although many of the assembly's debates still carry a somewhat fairy-tale flavor, like its current proposal that Sheikh Zayed should pick up every citizen's telephone bill.

That may not sound like much; how much popular discontent can there be in a country that promises every citizen a civil service job, a free education and free health care, plus a share of the oil wealth? But against the background of the emirates' history of tribal rule, "the political evolution of the country has already begun," a diplomat said.

The emirates are among the world's last absolute monarchies, and the oil boom has reinforced the traditional rulers' control, by pouring money into their treasuries, at the same time it has transformed their domains. There is still no clear distinction between Sheikh Zayed's personal account and the state budget of Abu Dhabi, a system which gives the sheikh a pretty free hand with the \$9 billion or so at his disposal.

#### Institution of the Mailis

The sheakhs - the term translates roughly as "lords" — are roughly accountable to their people, however, through the old institution of the Majlis, or council. Every ruler, and many of the lesser shelkhs who head powerful families, holds periodic Majlis sessions, which any citizen may theoretically attend. Supplicants and petitioners wait patiently on benches ranged against the wall of the Majlis room while the great man hears suggestions, pleas and complaints.

The system's admirers describe it as "desert democracy," a perfect form of government for a place like Abu where there are only about 60,000 citizens. The sheikhs, they point out, are remarkably accessible; they even list their telephone oumbers in the front of the phone book.

But even this is not enough for some of the young men of the emirates who want more power for their own techoccratic generation. "The Mailis system can't last," one of Sheikh Zayed's advisers predicted. Part of the pressure for democratization is coming

the regime do not offer them as much as it offered their fathers and older brothers. "The first batch of educated Abu Dhabians came home and became Cabinet ministers," an official recalled. "The second batch came home and became undersecretaries. We're on the third batch low, and obviously the fourth and fifth batch are going Dependent States

from young men who feel that the closed-end politics of

Part of the pressure is coming from the smaller, poorer emirates, for only two of the seven sheikhdoms in the UAE are really oil-rich, Abu Dhabi and Dubai. Sharjah has found a little oil, but Rasal Khaimah, Fujairah, Ajman and Umm al-Qaiwain are actually poor states, de-pendent on the generosity of the rich sheikhs. There were demonstrations there last year against the high price of

Some persons would like to have a federal legislature to counterbalance Sheikh Zayed's financial domination. Others point out that he then mighty simply withdraw from the federation, which was created only in 1971 out of the British-administered Trucial coast, and leave it

And there is the knotty problem of the vast majority of the emirates' population who are not citizens. An estimated 85 percent of the sheikhdoms' inhabitants are foreign workers, mostly Indians, Pakistanis and poor Arabs from other countries like Yemen. The discussion of democracy does not include giving them any constitutional rights. Perhaps most significant of all, a quiet debate is going

on among the sheikhs and their advisers over whether it has been wise, after all, to try to build factories and drydocks and indoor tomato farms in a land without a work force or arable land. The indoor farms produce fine tomatoes, but at four times the cost of imported produce, and similar tales of waste surround most of the emirates' other new industries. "Ideally," said one adviser to Sheikh Zayed, "the solu-

tion is not to industrialize and import labor, but to invest our money in the Third World, where the labor force exists." The sheikhs have oot yet taken that advice, partly because they have built an entire luxury economy oo cheap imported labor and partly because the laws of economics seem to hold little sway in a country whose problem is too much money. "There's a road from here to Al Ain, in the desert," a

diplomat in Abu Dhabi said. "It runs for a hundred miles or so. Sheikh Zayed planted trees along it, in the middle of the desert, and every tree has a Pakistani, whose job is to water it. That gives you some idea of what this country

### ty-line votes. "You know what a steamroller is?" Rep. James Quillen, R-Tenn., asked rhetorically. "A steamroller is a piece of equipment that can't be stopped, that rolls over everybody. That's exactly what the Democrats are presented today."

Democrats are preparing today."

Rep. Barber Conable, R-N.Y.,

ranking minority member of the

Ways and Means Committee, said

that "power should be fairly used,

and it is not being fairly used in

this respect." But Rep. Jim Wright, D-Texas, the majority leader, said,

"Just as the American people chose a Republican to sit in the

White House, so the American

people chose a Democratic majori-

fortable margins in the leadership

committees, Rep. Wright said.

What is at issue is the question of

he right of the majority to exercise

icadership."
Meanwhile, Senate Democrats

on the Foreign Relations Commit-tee prepared to scrutinize Mr.

Reagan's nomination of Gen.

Haig. But Sen. Byrd said that he

knew of no organized Democratic

In another move, Sen. Baker, the

new majority leader; called for tel-

evised coverage of Senate proceed-ings and said that "we have the

votes" to assure such coverage. He had previously supported televised

coverage of debates on the SALT-2

simply a modern-day extension of the public gallery, Sen. Baker said, "and the public's right to

view the legislative process of the

government on a first-hand basis."

"Such coverage, in my view, is

and Panama Canal treaties.

effort to oppose the nomination.

The majority had to have com-

in the House."

SEAN Tour

Week aimed at strengthen PARIS (HEAD OFFICE TOKYO'S economic and po-PARIS (MEAD OFFICE TOKYO'S economic and po-cal ties with the non-Com-nist nations in the region. Charles de Gaule, 925 and 12 day visit to the five mber Association of South-Asian Nations (ASEAN)
ins Thursday and will be
Suzuki's first trip abroad MECH Marie Wire St. premier. Page 3.

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the last three days, Pakistan.
Afghanistan have issued Plements that respectively ed and accepted the inas in projected peace talks ween the two countries. As · Western diplomat reked, the countries seemed be signalling some slight ibility in their positions.

### ow Tops 1000

Dow Jones industrial avhest close for the average September 1976, as New ik stock market's early-rally continued. The dolinst most leading curren-

es and favorable committee the chove cases 120 2 to ward off a possible alli-Still, opening day was marked by partisan skirmishes, especially in the House, where Republicans bitterly assailed committee ratios they felt unduly benefited the Democrats. Although the Demo-crats control the House by a 56-44 would destry by charge and between Republicans and shaperican Express Cord so vative Democrats. pecentage, they will control the Rules Committee by a margin of 11-5, the Ways and Means Com-

Mr. Speaker. the Democratic House, Rep. as O'Neill of Massachusetts elected to his third term as ser. "We intend to adapt to ed circumstances, to seek the band the new president," he on ground with the other mittee by a 2-1 ratio and the Appropriations Committee by 3-2. These ratios were adopted by par-

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PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIANCE Premier Suzuki be-

### rica Struggle

ge closed at 1004.69, the showed further losses on European exchanges.

## Pakistanis, Afghans **Urge UN Peace Role**

By Michael Kaufman New York Times Service

NEW DELHI - In the last three days Pakistan and Afghanistan have issued statements that respectively urged and accepted the in-volvement of the Umited Nations in projected peace talks between the two mutually leery countries. But while Western and Asian diplomats here described the two comments as exploratory overtures, they cautioned that a very wide and perhaps unbreachable guif still divides the Afghan and Pakistani views on any negotia-tions and on the role of the Umited

Still as a Western diplomat remarked, the Pakistani suggestion and the Afghan response made public here Monday do represent what could be called a bit of fan

### **Bonn Seeks EEC Treaty**

(Continued from Page 1) ordination in defense, a "harmo-nizing" of legislation, and closer cultural cooperation, he said.

"These demands are all not new and can be found in many documents, but the time is ripe to translate them into reality," he said.

#### Complex Row

Mr. Genscher's proposals were made at a time when the community is involved in a complex legal row over a supplementary budget contribution for last year. The dis-pute could force the EEC Commission to take Belgium, France and West Germany to court.
His talk of internal EEC prob-

lems was also taken as a reference to the key issues of reform of the costly EEC farms policy and the budget, which this year reaches its

spending ceiling.
It was not enough, be said, to seek the answer to current challenges in arguments over market regulations and disputes between different community bodies. "A Europe which understood it-

self only in such terms would be treading the path of ruin ... Europe needs a new political im-pulse," Mr. Genscher said.

The call was seen as a follow-up to Chancellor Schmidt's declaration in November, when be said West Germany was not losing sight of the goal of European un-

The community's founding Treaty of Rome, signed in 1957, committed the six original members to laying the foundations of "ever closer union between the peoples of Europe."

The six later pledged to work for economic and monetary union by 1980, a goal that has yet to be achieved. Although Mr. Genscher seemed to be thinking of moves toward political union, he did not say so explicitly.

Apparently keen to allay any isgivings which might be felt in Washington, he coupled the pro-posals with a renewed pledge of support for the transatlantic alliance and declared that Western Europe and America "belong together in the future."

**Keystaffmember** drinking too much?

our arcong-related problems are breat call our Administrator, Peter Coyle, on UL-549 986 if for advice and details of our private care, or write to Balaworthy House, Ref. P. Gingston Hill, Kingston, Surrey.

fluttering." Both countries, he said, seemed to be signaling some slight flexibility in their positions that have remained frozen since

The first sign of limited move-ment came when Aga Shahi, the Pakistan foreign minister, declared in Islamabad that he urged UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim to appoint a representative to convene peace discussions between Afghanistan and its two neighbors, Pakistan and Iran.

At first glance Mr. Shahi's statement appeared to be a retreat from Pakistan's earlier position that it would not talk to representatives of the Soviet-installed Kabul government as such contact would imply recognition. But Mr. Shahi made it clear that what he sought was a meeting in which the Paki-stani and Iranian delegations would represent their governments while the group from Kabul would speak only for the ruling party of President Babrak Karmal.

Some diplomats from Islamic countries said that Mr. Shahi had insisted that rebel groups involved in the struggle against the Soviet-supported Kabul government also participate in the UN discussions.

The diplomats acknowledged that such demands were hardly likely to be accepted by the Afghans nor by the Russians who are at the very least consulting closely on Afghan foreign policy if not framing it. But they said that Pakistan's willingness to meet even with the Afghans as a political party was new and that it was being projected as a concession and a

signal.

The Afghan response to Mr.

Shahi was issued here by Analita Ratebzad, Afghan minister of education and a confidant of President Karmal. During a meeting with Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi she reportedly said ber government was willing to discuss outstanding problems with Iran and Pakistan under the auspices of the United Nations, or at least with UN observers participating. This announcement on its face.

indicated appreciable movement from earlier Afghan positions. Since the overwhelming General Assembly vote to condemn Soviet intervention, the Kabul govern-ment has been leary of the United Nations and also of regional or Islamic groups. Instead it has clung to the proposals for direct talks Pakistan and Iran that were put forth last May 14 by Mr. Kar-

#### 3-Country Talks

Since then Kabul has insisted that only through direct three country talks could outstanding as in the region be resolved. implicit in this view was the notion that the participants in such talks would affirm each others soverign legitimacy. This earlier Afghan and Soviet position also implied the promise of some sort of phased withdrawal and Iran would thwart the infiltration of guerrillas across national boundaries into Afghanistan and prevent the arming of

Islamic rebels. Pakistan has insisted that sealing its long mountainous border with Afghanistan is a physically mpossible task and it has shunned direct contact seeking to have dis-cussions carried out within the framework of the 44-nation Islam-

Now, Mr. Shahi seems to be opening the door to have the United Nations play the role he had earlier hoped to secure for the Islamic group and so far, Afghanistan has not slammed it shut.

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COGNAC

**COURVOISIER** 



Paramilitary police checking a car and two occupants at a Rome roadblock Tuesday as efforts to find Giovanni D'Urso, held by Red Brigade guerrillas since Dec. 12, were increased.

### Rome Roadblocks Set Up In Search for Magistrate

By Hugh Pain

ROME — Paramilitary police manned roadblocks around Rome Tuesday and combed the area of Lake Bracciano 25 miles to the north in an increasingly urgent at-tempt to save the life of a magistrate kidnapped by urban guerril-

las nearly a month ago. Police officials refused to say what tipoffs had led them to concentrate on the lakeside area, but they said that time was rinning out for Giovanni D'Urso, who was condemned to death after a "peo-ple's trial" by his Red Brigades

In southeast Rome, security men fired at a car which turned around and fled from a checkpoint, hitting a police bus as it sped away.

#### Car Not Traced

The car has not so far been traced, and police do not know whether its occupants, two men and a woman, were guerrillas or common criminals.

In the latest of eight communiques they have issued since Mr. D'Urso was seized on Dec. 12, the Red Brigades said that his fate would depend on the decision of guerrillas already in prison, whose views should be published in the national media "without a comma

But in a rare show of unity, major political parties and newspa-pers joined in saying said they would not give in on this or grant

"The government must respond to terrorist blackmail by declaring once and for all that there cannot and will not be negotiations in any case or any form," said Liberal Party leader Valerio Zanone, whose party generally supports the ruling four-party coalition.

#### Newspapers Refuse Publicity

Most newspapers vowed that they would refuse to print guerrilla declarations, to deprive the Red Brigades of publicity. But they condemned a proposed law that would punish with up to 12 years' jail "the diffusion of documents or

State of Siege Extended

### El Salvador's Forces Start Guerrilla Hunt

martial law that suspends individnal rights, was proclaimed by Pres-

ident Carlos Humberto Romero

on March 6, 1979. It was renewed

monthly by him, and the junta that

overthrew him seven months later

has continued it. About 9.000 per-

sons have been killed in the past

year, including seven Americans

Senate Unit Weighs Arms Aid

Within hours of becoming chair-

man of a key subcommittee, Sen.

Jesse Helms, a severe critic of Pres-

ident Carter's Latin American pol-

said the meeting of the Senate For-

committee on Western Hemi-

sphere Affairs would be the first in a series of bearings "to review all our policies toward Latin Ameri-

Khomeini

**Backs Bid** 

(Continued from Page 1)

junior member of the ruling Soviet

Politburo, a former KGB security chief in Azerbaidzhan, appeared to be further evidence of Soviet fears

that turbulence in the Islamic

world, and particularly in Iran,

could unsettle Soviet Moslems in

the south of the country.
Mr. Aliyev was quoted by the re-

public's party newspaper Bakinsky Rabochy as emphasizing at a re-cent meeting of local KGB officers

the need for increased efficiency

and activity. The newspaper quot-ed him as saying: "This necessity has been imposed by the compli-cated international atmosphere, es-

pecially in the Middle East region,

in states bordering on the Soviet

Umon's southern frontiers."
The Moslem population of Soviet Azerbaidzhan belong to the Shite sect of Islam, as do the majority

Mr. Rajai, questioned about the hostage issue as he and his Cabinet left a meeting with Ayatollah Khomeini, said: "We explained to the imam the latest U.S. view and also

Algeria's suggestion that it under-

takes to solve the problems be-

[Algerian] undertaking. I hope we will announce the remaining issues

soon," he added. He did not elabo-

In a long statement on the meet-ing with the Cabinet broadcast on

the state radio later, Ayatollah Khomeini made no mention of the

bostage issue. This appeared to in-

dicate that Mr. Rajai's remarks

were spontaneous and contained

little new, according to Western

A Tehran-based Algerian diplo-lat — not one of the three inter-

mediaries - said Tuesday night

that he thought the premier was re-

ferring only to Algeria's general

In Washington, a spokesman for

the State Department's Iran Work-

ing Group, George Havens, said the initial reports on Mr. Rajai's statements were too vague for the

department to make any immedi-

ate comment. He would not dis-

cuss whether the Algerian media-

tors were offering some kind of guarantees to Iran in their own

No Response

Washington were skeptical.

"If they were under government control we would be in touch with

them by telephone, letters would

get through, and that hasn't hap-pened," said one official, who asked not to be identified. "I just

don't believe the government real-ly has control of the hostages."

Meanwhile, a leading member of Iran's hard-line Islamic Republi-can Party said Tuesday that the latest U.S. proposals were unac-

Hassan Ayat, interviewed in Tehran by telephone from Beirut,

said he had not studied the Ameri-

can proposal in detail, but that it

"is unacceptable and does not sat-isfy us, because it does not give

enough guarantee to what we

Mr. Ayat said he believes it "a

very remote possibility" that the hostages would be released before President-elect Reagan takes office Jan. 20. He said resolution of the

crisis "depends on America's simation, on what kind of policy it will have during Reagan's [tenure in]

The main stumbling block in the

discussions is thought to be Iran's demand that the United States de-

posit \$24 billion in the Algerian

Central Bank as guarantees to cov-

er Iranian assets frozen in the

United States following the seizure

of the hostages and the wealth of

the late shah and his family that

Iran wants the United States to re-

The Carter administration has

called the \$24 billion excessive and

the new American proposal is reported to offer deposits of about

turn to Iran.

role as intermediary.

The imam told us to accept this

tween us and America.

WASHINGTON (NYT)-

since Dec. 1.

SAN SALVADOR - The army

has started a new offensive against leftist guerrillas as the government extended a state of siege and au-thorities hunted the killers of the government's land reform chief and his two American advisers.

A military source said army pa-trols killed 30 gnerrillas Sunday, destroyed two of their camps near San Salvador and launched a series of other operations in the area. "It is an offensive, this time by

the army, against extreme leftist

groups who refuse to live in peace

and freedom," the army officer. Guerrillas and army patrols fought an all-day battle Monday near the village of Guazapa, 14 miles north of San Salvador. Villagers said there were "a lot of dead and wounded," but the mili-tary source said he had no immedi-ate tally of casualties.

#### Probe of Slavings

A highly placed military source said the government was giving top priority to the investigation of the slayings Saturday night of U.S. labor activists Mark Pearlman and Michael Hammer, and Jose Rodol-fo Viera, who was in charge of the government's program to break up big estates and divide them among

Because of conservative opposition to the program, it was as-sumed that ultra-rightists shot and killed the three men as they were having dinner at a local Hotel. But the source said there were still no chies to the identity of the gun-men, and there has been no admission of responsibility from any of the three rightist death squads or the six leftist guerrilla groups oper-

ating in the country.

Meanwhile, the government annonnced extension of the 22month-old state of siege for another 30 days "because the violence mounted by extreme leftist and

rightist groups persists."
The state of siege, a form of

### Reagan, Lopez Portillo **Vow to Form Close Ties**

(Continued from Page 1) hold meetings along the 2,000-mile Mexican-U.S. border and that the first would be set up by Secretary of State-designate Alexander Haig Jr. within the next six months.

information having the aim of instigating or condoning terrorism."

Rightist Killed

ROME (Reuters) — Luca Perucci, 19, a militant rightist who had been questioned by police during investigations of the Aug. 2 bomb-

ing of the Bologna railroad station, was shot and killed by three

youths outside his bome in Rome

Tuesday. An anonymous caller to

Rome newspapers claimed the act

for the neo-Fascist Revolutionary

Armed Nuclei (NAR).

Before Monday's meeting, however, Mr. Lopez Portillo had made it clear that he wanted to send an early message to Mr. Reagan. warning against possible interven-tion in El Salvador and other Central American countries where there has been unrest. The civil strife in El Salvador has been a focus of disagreement between the United States and Mexico, with the United States supporting the civilian-military junta there and Mexico giving political support to the opposition coalition, the Dem-ocratic Revolutionary Front.

A sign that the disagreement over El Salvador is likely to continue came when Mr. Reagan lent support to the government there in comments to reporters before the meeting Monday. Asked for his re-action to the killings of two Americans in El Salvador last weekend, Mr. Reagan said: "I think I share the anger and grief all of us share. Again, I am not yet president so I feel I have no comment on what course of action to take."

Asked, bowever, whether the Salvadorán government was not right wing, Mr. Reagan said: "No, this is not a right-wing government. There is a moderate government, a right-wing faction and a left-wing faction. There is a kind of three-way civil war."

The meeting Monday was Mr. Reagan's second with a foreign

#### **Some Damages** Denied in 1979 Crash of DC-10

CHICAGO - A U.S. appeals court has ruled that McDonnell Douglas Corp. and American Air-lines are not liable for pumitive damages to the estates of 273 victims of the 1979 crash of a DC-10 jet airliner near Chicago. Illinois law does not allow puni-

tive damages in "wrongful deaths" suits, a three-judge panel of the 7th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals ruled Monday. The judges held that compensatory or actual damage claims in the suits are not affected. At stake were millions of dollars in awards made to punish defendants and to deter future misconduct. The ruling affects 118 suits, filed in five states and in Puerto Rico, that were consolidat-

The decision overturned a lower court ruling last May that McDonneil Douglas, designer and manufacturer of the DC-10, was liable for punitive damage

leader since his election. In November, Chancellor Helmnt Schmidt of West Germany paid a courtesy call on the president-elect

in Washington. Mr. Reagan was accompanied by Mr. Allen, Edwin Meese 3d, designated counselor to the president, Michael Deaver, an assistant, and Fred Ilde, a defense specialist. Mr. Lopez Portillo was acrompa-nied by Foreign Minister Jorge

According to Mr. Allen, Mr. Lopez Portillo complimented Mr. Reagan for making what he sald was a "discreet" and "elegant" gesture by holding his first formal meeting with Mexico.

The two leaders also exchanged gifts. Mr. Reagan gave Mr. Lopez Portillo a case of California wine made of grapes of Mexican origin and a 30.06 bolt-action hunting rifle from his personal collection.
Mr. Lopez Portillo gave Mr.
Reagan two books on Mexican history that he had written and a picture that he had painted.

#### Libya and Chad Agree to Work **Toward Merger**

The three Algerian intermediaries, who brought the latest U.S. proposals last Friday, met Iranian officials Tuesday but did not receive a new Iranian response, PARIS - Libya and Chad Tuesday resolved to work for "complete unity" and said their common frontier would be opened to diplomatic sources said. citizens of the two countries, the Carter administration officials said Tuesday that the hostages

Libyan news agency reported.

The agency distributed a joint communique published in Tripoli after a visit by Chadian President Goukouni Queddei at the invitahave been dispersed to secret loca-tions and that some may be in jail. Despite claims by the Iranian gov-ernment that it had taken charge tion of Col. Moamer Qadhafi. Mr. Goukouni's Libyan-backed of the hostages while weighing the latest U.S. proposal, officials in

forces last month drove rebel troops led by Defense Minister Hissene Habre from the capital of Vdjamena after a nine-month bat-

Tuesday's communique said the Libyans would send troops to Chad under a defense treaty con-cluded in June to help in maintaining security and rebuilding the

The two sides agreed they would "work for realization of complete unity between the two countries, a unity of the masses in which pow er riches and armaments will be in the hands of the people and its instruments, the congresses and peo-

### Giscard to Visit Italy

PARIS — President Valery Giscard d'Estaing will visit Italy on Jan. 22 and 23, the presidency announced Tuesday. He will meet with President Sandro Pertini, Premier Arnaldo Forlani and Pope John Paul II, a communique said.

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## WORLD NEWS BRIE

Kissinger to Urge U.S. Forces in the Mide

JERUSALEM - Former Secretary of State Henry Kissin Tuesday that he will urge the incoming Reagan administration stationary naval, air force and specialized ground forces in the East to offset increased Soviet military presence in the region enhance the United States' strategic doctrine here.

The permanent U.S. military presence, Mr. Kissinger said, we

plant the concept of a U.S. rapid deployment force and would g "concrete content" to America's commitment to stem Soviet ex

ism in the Middle East. "I'm not talking about large expeditionary forces. At this what we need are facilities out of which air forces and naval fo be called and specialized ground forces can operate," Mr. Kissir

#### UN Says Role Is Ended in Namibia Plan

GENEVA - The United Nations warned Tuesday that it has far as it can in planning independence for Namibia (South-We In a statement issued on the eve of a new round of talks on the territory, the UN said that now it is up to the parties directly it implement the plan for a cease-fire, free elections and indepe

Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim is to open the week-loence Wednesday amid uncertainty over the chances of South the South West Africa Peoples Organization - SWAPO - 8

icies, held a hearing Monday on re-suming inilitary aid to El Salvador. The North Carolina Republican end the 15-year armed struggle over the region. "We have gone as far as we can," Brian Urquhart, Mr. V assistant for political affairs, told a news conference. He sai considers South Africa and SWAPO to be the only direct!

#### Egypt Protests Israeli Newspaper Artic

CAIRO - Information Minister Mansour Hassan summon ambassador Tuesday to complain about an Israeli newspa

predicting a major power struggle in Cairo.

Attacking the article in the English-language Jerusalem P and baseless allegations, the government Monday night base

newspaper's journalists from entering Egypt.

The article, written by the Post's Middle Eastern affairs edirecent visit to Cairo, reported an imminent Cabinet reshuffle Vice President Hosny Mubarak was bidding for power. In Post editor Edwin Frenkel said he stood by the report, adding based on reliable Egyptian sources.

### Lennon Shooting Suspect Pleads Not G

The Associated Press NEW YORK — Mark Chapman pleaded not guilty T charges that he shot and killed former Beatle John Lennon. Th lawyer said he would mount an insanity defense.

Mr. Chapman, 25, entered his plea during a brief appearan-hattan Supreme Court before Justice Herbert Altman. The pointed two psychiatrists, Daniel Schwartz and Bernard Dia psychologist Milton Kline to examine Mr. Chapman.

Defense lawyer Jonathan Marks said outside court that he v ent an insanity defense. "That's clearly the issue," he said. I grunned down Dec. 8 outside the Dakota apartment building i tan. Mr. Chapman was arrested at the scene.

### Loan Backing for Pola Shapes Up in West Eur

(Continued from Page 1) efforts to improve East-West coop-

In August, a syndicate of West German banks agreed to lend Poland the equivalent of \$674.1 million. One-third of this loan was backed by government credit

In recent months, talks have taken place among Polish officials Poland, and Western government and The banking leaders to seek ways to meet Poland's credit requirements for 1981, said to total \$8.5 billion.

Polish officials approached Western government leaders in November seeking new financial aid to help the country service its debt to the West, which they said amounted to \$21.1 billion. Without such aid, Western officials were told, Poland would be in dan-

Western governments are said to be conducting the credit talks with discretion, to avoid Soviet criticism of Poland's dealings with the

ger of defaulting on its current

#### Talks in Paris

The last series of talks between Polish and Western officials, in Poiss and western ornerats, in Paris in December, centered on ways of rescheduling Poland's present debt, in addition to finding new credits to enable Poland to import additional Western goods. Leaders of the European Economic Community, at their summit meeting early in December, agreed in principle to sell foodstuffs to and arrange loan guarantees for

Poland needs about \$7 billion almost 70 percent of the country's annual earnings on export sales, simply to service outstanding over-seas debt, sources here said. Exacerbating Poland's financial situation, earnings on exports are expected to drop sharply this year because of serious decreases in coal supplies to overseas customers as a result of the strikes there in recent months.

Bonn government sources said the credit guarantees were agreed to at talks held in Warsaw in December. A syndicate of West German banks is expected to assemble the loans, which must be used to purchase goods from West Gernan sources. About one-fourth of the \$153 million is earmarked for the purchase of farm products, the rest for semi-finished industrial products and raw materials to help keep Poland's industry functioning

#### U.K. Prisoners Find It's Cold On the Outside

United Press International GREAT YARMOUTH, England - Fifteen prisoners who discovered their cell doors acci-dentally had been left unlocked skipped out of Great Yarmouth prison Tuesday, but when they found how cold it was outside Il turned around and went back, the police said.

The four who braved the cold were still at large within the prison compound, police said, but they missed the dou-ble belping of breakfast which prison authorities served as a reward to those who came

while major debt retalks continue.

The sum agreed upo dently a compromise, for itial requests by W. guarantees covering los. ing to \$357 million in decision to grant rough sum, for the first half reflects Bonn's cautiou toward further develo

The British governm edly expects to reach a. its credit package v

### Farm Str In Polan

Jelenia Gora, near the East German borders, a strike alert for Jan. 2. government considers

A delegation from the branch there said in a pr ence Tuesday that the d : cluded the dismissal of ter in charge of union af islaw Ciosek, who was alleged corruption, nep incompetence while be chief in Jelenia Gora pro-According to the

workers there are also o an investigation into the demonstrators during ric and the expropriation buildings built for C' Party officials.

They have accused M of channelling funds int housing and flood cor costly construction project party officials during his as provincial party head. union branch was also c the dismissal of some 20

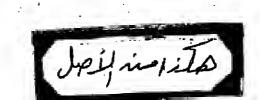
These latest demands c a few hours after the go held unannounced talks Walesa over national umands for an end to working. There was no the outcome and Mr. W. turned to Gdansk after hours of talks, which he been conducted in "a goo

Solidarity's Warsaw Monday night called on bers to disregard a gor declaration that only eve Saturday be considered i response to this call will this weekend - if an agre not reached - as Saturd first designated working of the year.
The union said it was r

all Saturdays off in the agreement that settled the strikes last fall.

The Polish Commun daily backed up the gov Tuesday by saying an in shift to a five-day, 40-ho could cost the country 15 złotys (about \$4.8 billion) lost production. The par such a move would also di sential services such as trams and shops.

The Solidarity delegatio day met Deputy Premier Je dowski, who assured them government was already to meet some of their de These included the showin controversial film about la mer's strikes, which has no ased by the authoritic



## NEWS By Budget Strategy to Be Set

## U.S. Forces in the des to Tell Reagan and specialized ground of Deficit Problems

Party presence Mr Kisher By Peter Behr

rapid deployment force of Caroline Atkinson-Marker's commitment to the de Caroline reservice

Washington Post Service

Machington Post Service

Monaid for the air forces in 's economic advisers plan

Monaid for the care operate it Wednesday with the presiment of present him for the Freded in Camilla me with projections of huge me with huge me w Mations warned Turking ally popular federal proit is no to the found of the

meeting will draw Mr.

now it is up to the parties of Waldheim is to open the Uttucce, which was the change of the region of t we can." Brian Ungular in told a news conference in Reagan sed SWAPO to he the

By Lou Cannon

Mruggle in Cairo.

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washington — Two favor-Minister Manseur Hassage irgets of organized conservacomplain about an large on the Republican national grupple in Caro.

The English and the care by CIA director, Frank Carther English and the care. the English-language leg are in line for high-ranking the government Monday tons in the Reagan administration entering Egypt. by the Post's Middle Eastern 2005.

ported an imminent Cabuse sources said that Mr. Brock shibarak was bidding for pid be named special trade repaid said he stood by the repairative, a post that now carries not cources. position will remain in the

position will remain in the met, however, one of the endurthe Assence Fig.

The As examine Mr. Chapme stration.

Marks Said country he sources also said that Wilthe Dakota present justice who was Mr. an's executive secretary when as governor, has been asked to e deputy secretary of state. cking for P Press Secretary

eanwhile, Mr. Reagan picked
Tanon spokesman James Brady
S White House press secretary said Mr. Brady will have acan announced the selection of Brady and of Karna Small, a The Washington television anchorwoman, as deputy House press secretary.

Brady, 40, had been on the

an list for weeks as adminissure in the services sounded out, with no and the same someone "better looking" the job. She denied that this

onday, however, a note was on Mr. Brady's desk: "Since only on the find anybody gooding congratulations." ng, congratulations."
e objections to Mr. Brock and In Pola Carfucci were more ideologi-

Carineci, a career foreign while rescuing a group of cicans from a Congolese mob, described in a recent staff papers or congolese mob or congolese mob. orepared for an organization inservative Republican senaas an obstruction, rather an asset, to Reagan inter-

to Mr. Carlocci as stated in taff report to the senators was Islam Crossed #2" he gave "active support" to a rmously restricted intelligence فالمستوارات فصابون

nt Mr. Carlucce's supporters, ng them Mr. Weinberger, see as kind of a government man are the of expertise which he will at the directive which he will at the disposal of any presi-

Difficulties on Right

They age are of the nace and the Brock's, difficulties with the with the wing of his own party of are standing, stemming especially his refusal as GOP chairman the discussion is the Panama Canal ties, an issue that split both noctats and Republicans. ast June, after Mr. Reagan had new solidated the Republican presi-

Walter petial nomination, an attempt made by GOP conservatives The semove Mr. Brock from the parhairmanship. The effort ended a compromise in which Mr. w Lewis a Reagan political rative who now is the rative who now is the designee is secretary of inadeportation, made the operating officer of Mercal alignment committee

that began a month ago between his aides and Senate Republican leaders, focused on the federal spending issue, which currently heads the list of political chaliges in his first term. The combination of the individ-

ual tax cuts Mr. Reagan has promised and his commitments to boost military spending would push the budget deficits to be-tween \$60 billion and \$100 billion in the next two fiscal years, doom-ing Mr. Reagan's pledge to bal-ance the budget in three years, according to analysis by the Senate Budget Committee's Republican

Both Mr. Reagan's aides and Senate Republicans are pushing to complete a list of policy options for consideration by Mr. Reagan and his Cabinet before the Jan. 20 manguration, but according to some Republicans, the process is behind schedule with a lot of ground to cover.

"I think things are going to move slower than they should," said Rep. Barber Conable Jr., R-N.Y., top-ranking Republican on the House Ways and Means Committee. "Mr. Reagan timeself seems somewhat disengaged," he added.
During the election campaign,
Mr. Reagan repeatedly insisted that his seeds

that his goals for spending cuts could be achieved by climinating waste, fraud, abuse and misman agement" from federal programs, and that no individuals would suffer hardship in the process.

In his only announced meeting on economic policy since the elec-tion, on Nov. 16 in Los Angeles, Mr. Reagan held to that view. The planned budget reductions are not aimed at "depriving people," he told reporters. "We're still talking in the areas of extravagance," he

Controversy Incvitable

But Senate Republicans have concluded that politically contro-versial budget cuts are inevitable, including new limits on some of the major federal assistance programs for individuals and in federal construction and subsidy programs which have powerful consti-

This outlook is shared by Rep. David Stockman, R-Mich., nomi nated by Mr. Reagan to head the Office of Management and Budg-et. Mr. Stockman and other Reagan economic advisers are reportedly intent on advising the resident-elect that a painless approach to the budget process is not

Although most members of the Republican Senate leadership Republican Senate leadersmp agree on that general approach, the senate leadersmp agree on that general approach, there is no common strategy yet on the senate leadersmp agree on that general approach, there is no common strategy yet on where to cut the budget, said Senate leadersmp agree on that general approach.

The senate leadersmp agree on that general approach, there is no common strategy yet on where to cut the budget, said Senate leadersmp agree on that general approach.

Peter Dominici, R-N.M., the new chairman of the Senate Budget Committee.

His committee has assembled a 50-page list of 193 specific budget cuts that could save between \$25 billion and \$29.5 billion in the current fiscal year spending and twice that much in succeeding years. But this agenda has not been adopted either by the Republican Scuate leadership or the Reagan economic transition staff, aides said.

Mr. Conable said he does not believe that Congress will be willing to give Mr. Reagan the kind of individual tax cut he wants, based on the so-called Kemp-Roth plan for a 10-percent reduction in indi-vidual rates for three years in a row. "I don't think for a minute that, if the president proposes a flat-rate cut, Congress will agree," Mr. Conable said. "Congressmen have other measures, the cost of which will be a trade-off against the rate cuts," he added.

The proposal by Sen. William Roth, R-Del., and Rep. Jack Kemp, R-N.Y., remains a central part of Mr. Reagan's economic strategy, aides say, which relies on the individual tax cuts to encourage a big increase in productive work effort and greater savings and investment.

But the Kemp-Roth tax cuts, coupled with annual increases in defense spending of \$20 billion to \$25 billion, would combine to push the deficit to more than \$100 billion in each of the 1983 and 1984 fiscal years, according to the Republican analysis.

**Ecuador Police on Strike** ... The Associated Press

QUITO, Ecuador - National police regiments here and in Gusyaquil went on strike Monday for more money and clashed with traffic police in Quito. Sources here said that traffic officers shot at the tires of a vehicle carrying national police who were seeking support for the strike.



### Draft Registration Begins in U.S. Despite Protests

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — In the face of protests throughout the country, a Supreme Court challenge and the opposition of President-elect Reagan, the Selective Service has began registering teen-agers born in 1962 for a possible future military draft.

Sixteen demonstrators were arrested Mouday for conducting a sit-in and blocking entry to the draft registration office in the federal building in

Boston, while 40 protesters clogging the lobby chanted, "One, two, three, four, we don't want voor macho war!" Anti-draft protesters vandalized three Los Angeles area post offices by jamming toothpicks and

pieces of wood into door locks before the appearance of draft registrants. Sign-carrying pickets gathered outside post offices or federal buildings in Louisville, Ky., Milwankee, Toledo, Ohio, and many other cities.

No Blood for Off A half-dozen pickets carried signs reading "No

Blood for Oil" and "Don't Sign Your Life Away" outside the main post office in San Francisco. Inside, only one teen-ager had registered in the first two hours. In New York, about 200 persons thost of them teen-agers - picketed the General Post Office shouring "Hell No, We Won't Go." Picketing, news conferences and distribution of anti-draft leaflers outside post office registration sites were reported in several other cities.

Under a draft registration plan initiated by President Carter in December, 1979, after the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, and approved by Congress, young men who were born in 1962 and who will turn 19 this year are required to register for a military draft through Saturday.

In the first such registration, held last July, 3.7 million of the 3.9 million eligible young men born in 1960 and 1961 signed up for à draft. If there is a similar turnout this week, nearly all of the 1.9 million eligible young men born in 1962 will register. After this week, males will be required to regis ter within 30 days after they turn 18.

Even though the military draft expired in 1973, after U.S. disengagement from Vietnam, Mr. Carter proposed registration as a means of in-creasing inilitary readiness. The Selective Service says registration would reduce by four weeks the time required to draft 100,000 men in an emergen-

But during his election campaign, Mr. Reagan opposed peacetime draft registration as a "meaningless gesture" that would save little time and would limit registrants' personal freedom. Mr. Reagan, bowever, refused to respond to a suggestion by Sen. Mark Hatfield, R-Ore, that Mr. Carter be asked to delay this week's registration until the change of administrations Jan. 20.

The Supreme Court, meanwhile, has agreed to decide whether any all-male military draft or registration unlawfully discriminates against men and must include women.

#### Strong Backing in New Congress

#### U.S. Group Lobbies for Arms Superiority ing index that rated members of for Peace through Strength, which

By Juan de Onis New York Times Service

American Security Council, litical action group concerned with national defense, will put forward a resolution to commit the United States to nuclear arms superiority over the Soviet Union.

In view of the new conservative makeup of the Congress and with President-elect Reagan coming into office, proponents of the resolution expect a large majority in favor of what they see as a national policy statement to increase military spending.

Before the election, the Ameri-

can Security Council issued a vot-

Congress by their votes on 10 security issues last year. Eight out of lobbying group's anspices. WASHINGTON — Early in the
10 senators given low ratings were
new 97th Congress, a bipartisan
coalition pulled together by the
given an "anti-defense" rating
gy based on "overall military and
gy based on "overall military and

Their replacements are generally strong supporters of expanded mil-itary spending to "stop Soviet ex-pansionism," as the text of the resolution proposes. The voting index kept by the American Security Council on the Senate and House will continue to single out "antidefense" incumbents in Congress.

The success of the American Security Council as a political action group since it established its voting adex in 1970 can be measured by the 232 schators and representa-tives who have joined the Coalition

### Half of Adirondack Lakes Reported Killed by Acidity

By Philip J. Hilts

TORONTO - Acidity from rain and snowfall have wiped out all the fish and many of the plants in 50 percent of the high mountain lakes in the Adirondack Mountains, according to a new survey by the New York State Bureau of Fisheries.

The lakes, formerly clear, cold bodies of water renowned for their trout fishing now have such high levels of acidity that fish and plants have given way to acid-tolerant mats of algae.

The report also states that, while

50 percent of the high-altitude lakes have been killed by the acidrain fallout, more than 10 percent of the 2,800 lakes in the entire U.S. Adirondack region are now "dead," or completely without fish. About a thousand of the mountain lakes have not yet been

Airborne

Researchers blame the oxides of nitrogen and sulfur that are carried by air currents from industries and autos. The oxides then fall into the lakes with rain, or collect in snow and pour into the lakes in the near the volcano," and the U.S. spring thaws. Many lakes can absorb and neu- zone as a result.

tralize the acidic substances falling into them for many years, especial-ly those that have thick layers of soil on the lake bottoms or have a constant supply of flowing fresh water from springs or streams. But many mountain lakes have only thin layers of soil on top of rock and can neutralize these compounds only to a limited degree Scientists have discovered that

fish are not being killed directly by the acidity of the water in most cases, but instead are killed by the aluminum and other heavy metals in the lake soil. Normally harmess, these metals are released into the water when the acidity of the lake increases.

#### Danger Zone Closed At Mount St. Helens The Associated Press

VANCOUVER, Wash. - The restricted red zone around Mount St. Helens has been closed after a U.S. Geological Survey advisory warned that the unpredictable volcano could crupt without warning.
The USGS said Monday that "extra cantion should be taken

technological superiority over the Soviet Union," adequate civil defense in case of a nuclear war and rejection of any arms control agreement "which locks the United States into a position of mili-

ary inferiority."
"We are just interpreting what the polls say that a great majority of American people want, regardless of party, and we expect Congress to reflect this desire for preparedness," said John Fisher, a former executive at Sears, Roebuck & Company, who is president of the American Security Council and a related educational foundation.

Mr. Fisher says that his group's national strategy committee, which includes many retired senior mili-tary and intelligence officers, is working not just for "some incremental change in spending, but a major change in national atti-tudes."

#### Vietnam Defeat Vietnam was not lost on the

battlefield, but in the minds of people," be said in an interview at the American Security Council Foundation's headquarters on an 00-acre estate at the village of Bostou, Va. Mr. Fisher said that the lobby-

ing group, which maintains an office near the Capitol; the security council foundation, and the mod-ern communications center at Bos-Va., were maintained by 230,000 dues-paying members who provided \$4 million a year. Members of the council receive

a monthly publication, called Washington Report, which discusses military issues, including opposition to programs that are supported by the lobby group.

Opponents of those programs are described in Washington Re-

port as "the anti-defense lobby. Among organizations so identified in the December, 1978, issue were the American Friends Service Committee, the National Council of Churches, the Ford Foundation, the Rockefeller Brothers Fund and the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace.

### Suzuki's Tour of Southeast Asia To Focus on Regional Economy

By Francis Daniel

Resters SINGAPORE — Japanese Pre-mier Zenko Suzuki begins a South-east Asian tour this week aimed at strengthening Tokyo's economic and political ties with the non-Communist nations in the region.

The 12-day visit to the five Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) member countries begins on Thursday and will be Mr. Suzuki's first trip abroad as pre-

The fact that he is visiting the ASEAN nations first — instead of the United States, the more customary first destination for a newly installed Japanese premier underlines his government's inter-

ASEAN, which groups the Philippines, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore and Indonesia with a total population of 250 million, provides a large market for Japanese goods and is a major source of raw materials, especially rubber, tin

#### The Cambodian Question

Japanese diplomatic sources in Singapore say Mr. Suzuki will place the main emphasis on his country's possible assistance to the development of energy, agricul-ture, and human resources in

Despite the emphasis on eco-nomic matters, ASEAN officials said the problems in Cambodia would be a major topic of discussion between Mr. Suzuki and government leaders in the five capi-

He is expected to be asked to use Japan's influence to help bring about an international conference on Cambodia that would lead to a withdrawal of Soviet-backed Vietnamese forces and the establishment of a neutral government in Phnom Penh. Some ASEAN countries, such as Singapore, also would like to see a security role for Japan in the region, although no specific proposals have yet been formulated

Japan last week announced a military spending increase of 6.7 percent to 2.4 trillion yen (about \$11.6 billion), but some ASEAN officials said this was too small in proportion to Japan's economic

Interest is also focused on whether Mr. Suzuki will be able to allay fears in the region of eventual Japanese economic domination. Some groups in Indonesia and the Philippines have threatened to stage demonstrations during Mr. Suzuki's visit. But authorities in both countries have said that they could prevent any disturbances. Mr. Suzuki's agenda will in-

· Manila: The Philippines capital will be his first stop and Mr. Suzuki is expected to make a firm commitment to aid the country's ambitious energy-development program. President Ferdinand Marcos is

expected to press for consumma-tion of a Japanese pledge, made last September, for 50 billion yen (\$230 million). The Philippines is still seeking freer entry for some of its products, particularly bananas, which carry high import tariffs.

• Jakarta: Security will be tight

when Mr. Suzuki visits the Indonesian capital from Jan. 10-13. Some student leaders, concerned about the prominent Japanese role in the Indonesian economy, have said they are contemplating some form

#### percent of Indonesia's exports, in- seek Mr. Suzuki's assistance in cluding large quantities of its oil and raw materials, and accounted for nearly 30 percent of its im-

ports, including machinery, vehi-cles and processed foods. Japan is also the biggest foreign investor in the Indonesian economy, with about \$2.3 billion during the past decade - more than a third of all approved foreign investment in the

 Kuala Lumpur: Malaysia is expected to raise with Mr. Suzuki its reservations about Tokyo's trade-and-aid policies, particularly the trade barriers that are regarded by Malaysian officials as unnecessarily protectionist. Japan is Malaysia's main trad-

ing partner and principal donor of bilateral aid. But the bulk of Malaysian exports to Japan in 1980 were primary commodities oil, timber, tin and rubber. Bangkok: Thai leaders

### Harold C. Urey, Helped To Make Hydrogen Bomb

professor in California's UC sys-

shortly after midnight. He is sur-vived by his wife, Frieda.

"He was a unique breed, an in-credible talent and an impressive force for understanding and creativity the world over,

#### Manhattan Project

deuterium, or heavy hydrogen. During World War II, he worked on the Manhattan Project, which developed the atomic bomb.

may be no life on Earth at the end of the century." He criticized the United States for dropping the second atomic bomb that destroyed

the age of 80.

demonstration. Space Administration to analyze In 1979, Japan bought about 41 lunar samples from the Apollo

#### Bald Eagles, Puffins Find Maine To Be Fertile Breeding Ground

PORTLAND, Maine — The populations of the bald eagle, the symbol of the nation, and the puffin, the comical little seabird with an outsized red, yellow and blue beak, appear to be growing

In 1973, only seven eagles were believed to have been born in the state, far too few to assure the bird's survival. In 1980, howevcr. researchers at the University of Maine counted 40 engles being raised in the state. Whether the eagle will survive is still in doubt,

spread use of toxic pesticides, primarily DDT, that found their way into the food chain and left the eagles unable to produce hard-shelled eggs that would hatch.

banned or severely restricted, the eagle population has risen. In 1962, the Audubon Society counted 27 pairs in Maine; last year the count was 60 pairs. Authorities estimate that there are nearly 200 bald eagles in the Northeast, mainly along the Maine coast.

William Ginn, executive director of the Maine Audubon Soci-

Mr. Ginn attributed the growth of the eagle population to a cleanup of toxic chemicals in the Kennebeck River and the four

The National Audubon Society says that the puffin is again engaging in courting behavior in Muscongus Bay. Puffins once nested there on Eastern Egg Rock in great numbers, but they were exterminated by bunters early in the century who sold their feathers for decorations on women's hats.

convening an international conference to resolve the Cambodian problem, officials said, adding that Thailand also would welcome any increase in Japan's military pres-

al due to a close economic and political understanding built up between the two countries in recent years, officials said. Government leaders have frequently cited Japan as a social and economic mod-el for Singapore. But Singaporean officials expressed concern over the recent sharp decline in Japa-

#### **Obituaries**

The Nobel Prize-winning scientist was one of a handful of educators who held the title of university

Murray Goodman, who heads the chemistry department at UC San

In 1932, Dr. Urey discovered He once said: "I'm afraid there

An Indiana farm boy whose father died when he was 6, he received a doctorate at the University of California at Berkeley at the

age of 30, discovered deuterium at the age of 38, received the Nobel Prize at 41 and was awarded the Priestley Award, highest honor of the American Chemical Society, at

#### Expert on Moon

Dr. Urey received more than 30 medals and awards from govern-ments, scholarly societies and scientific organizations throughout the world, along with 16 honorary degrees from U.S. universities and nine in other countries.

An expert on the moon, he was one of six scientists commissioned by the National Aeronautics and

New York Times Service

but the progress is encouraging. The bald eagle population was decimated because of the wide-

Since DDT was banned and 13 organochloride pesticides were

ety, said that "the thing that excites me most is the fact that four young eagles were hatched in Merrymeeting Bay" last year. He added that from 1963 to 1979 only two eagles were hatched in that

smaller rivers flowing into it.

ence in the region.

The premier, Gen. Prem Tinsu-

lanond, said problems still plaguing relations between Thailand and Japan were in the economic field, including an annual That trade deficit of more than \$650 million and Japan's stiff tariff bar-

Singapore: Discussions with Singapore leaders should be cordi-

LA JOLLA, Calif. — Harold C. Urey, 87, whose work was instrumental in making the first hydrogen bomb, died early Tuesday, University of California colleagues

Chemistry professor James Ar-nold said Dr. Urey died at home

A university spokesmen said Dr. Urey died apparently of heart fail-ure after a history of heart trouble.

Harold C. Urey ... in a 1964 photograph

flights. He was a consultant for the Viking mission to Mars. In 1945-52, he developed tech-niques for estimating variations in the earth's climates through the geological ages. He was credited by many with the first theoretical

explanation of the chemical nature of the origin of the solar system. NASA bonored Dr. Urey "for pioneering cosmochemistry theories of the origin and history of the moon, the meteorites and the planets ... and for major experimental origin of life on earth and else-

#### where in the universe." Sir James Martin

LONDON (AP) — Sir James Martin, 87, inventor of the aircraft ejection seat, died Monday. Sir James had been managin director and chief designer of the Martin-Baker Aircraft Co. Ltd. since its formation in 1934.

He invented the Martin-Baker rocket ejection seat in 1944 and tested it on July 24, 1946, when a pilot landed uninjured after eject-ing at a speed of 320 miles an hour at an altitude of 8,000 feet. The scat has since been credited with saving the lives of more than 4,700 fliers throughout the world.

Wiley Manuel SAN FRANCISCO (UPI) — Wiley Manuel, 53, who in 1977 be-came California's first black state supreme court justice, died Mon-

William F. Neuman NEW YORK (NYT) - Dr.

day of cancer.

William F. Neuman, 61, professor of radiation biology at the Univer-sity of Rochester Medical Center and an authority on bone tissue, died Sunday. **Jefferson Ward Keener** NEW YORK (NYT) - Jeffer-

son Ward Keener, 72, a former chairman and chief executive offi-cer of the B.F. Goodrich Co., died

#### Friday of an apparent heart attack, 2 Tadzhikistan Quakes

United Press Interna MOSCOW - Two earthquakes were recorded in the Central Asian Soviet republic of Tadzhikistan, near the Afghanistan border, Tass reported Tuesday. On the Soviet scale of 12, the tremors measured 4 points Monday night and between 2 and 3 points Tuesday morning. Tass mentioned no casualties or

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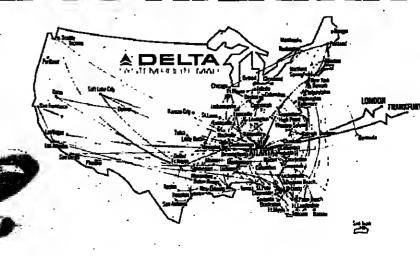
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Page 4 Wednesday, January 7, 1981

## Grilling Gen. Haig

President-elect Reagan asked for it. By nominating as secretary of state a man with rich and still clouded ties to the most controversial aspects of the Nixon presidency, President-elect Reagan had to know he was inviting political trouble. That he went ahead anyway suggests that he values Gen. Alexander M. Haig Jr. highly. But no one - least of all those Republicans who beat up on some Carter national security appointees - should be claiming now that the Democrats have no proper business grilling Gen. Haig as they

The question is how they do it. Over the holidays, it seemed that some senators were trying to make an end run around both the election returns and established access procedures, by getting a soon-to-go Democratic administration to cooperate with an evensooner-to-go Democratic committee leadership in coughing up certain files and tapes. Such a request to "provide me" with "all [National Security Council] documents, records and other information that may be relevant to the [Senate Foreign Relations] Committee's inquiry into Gen. Haig's nomination" was made on Dec. 18 by Sen. Claiborne Pell, D-R.I., in a somewhat ambiguous for-mulation firmed up by Jody Powell, suggested that the two branches "work out a practical accommodation." Sen. Pell did his part. It is not yet clear just what material will be provided, and whether from the NSC, the National Archives or assorted presidential repositories - each poses its own procedural,

security and legal hurdles. The administration has made clear, however, it is not altering its release criteria now that the Senate is in Republican hands. The proper GOP response should be to follow the Democratic example and not to block any attempt by the minority party to obtain relevant material.

There is a drawback to all this argument about access. It bolsters a feeling that there is incriminating material to be found and that, even if there is not, the Nixon connection is exactly what the Senate should concentrate on. We offer no predictions of what the files or tapes hold: Let's see. But notwithstanding the importance of the Nixon connection in illuminating Gen. Haig's character and style, it is far from the only or even the most important thing the Senate should explore.

What, for instance, are the nominee's views on foreign policy, especially in regard to areas and problems remote from his experience? How does his military status and training affect his outlook on diplomacy? How does his well-advertised past deference to the "commander-in-chief" square with a Cabinet officer's obligation to give the president his best independent judgment? What does he believe to be the proper relationship between the secretary of state and Congress? We doubt any revelation concerning Gen. Haig's service under Richard Nixon will be as important to gaining an understanding of Gen. Haig's qualifications for office as the answers to such questions as these.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

### Peking's Trial, and Error

All during the trial of the "Gang of Four" the court tried to keep Mao Tse-tung out of the proceedings. Jiang Qing, the last Mrs. Mao, was just as determined to show that condemning her meant condemning Mao. Because of her defiant attitude and open contempt of court, she may be sentenced to death. The confrontation exposes a major mistake in holding the trial, which her execution would only intensify. Denigrating Mao, even if by implication, can only betray the essential weakness of the Communist system: It cannot brook public opposition.

Mao himself probably realized this. As the Cultural Revolution picked up steam in 1966, there were plans in Peking to stage a spectacular public trial of the disgraced chief of state, Liu Shaoqi, and the party secretary general, Deng Xiaoping. They were accused of rightist deviation, of being "capitalist roaders." The trial never came off, Mao and his cohorts, presumably including Jiang Qing, apparently decided not to liquidate anyone publicly lest the opposition to the Cultural Revolution be goaded into active

The trial just concluded in Peking has been widely interpreted as one of vengeance. Deng Xiaoping has, no doubt, thought balefully of his treatment in the past. He was made a nonperson in 1966 and, after re-emerging in 1973, was again purged in 1976 by the faction that has just been tried. The question has to be asked whether the execution of Jiang Qing would signal confidence on the part of the Deng regime, or insecurity:

Jiang Qing insisted that her actions during the Cultural Revolution did not constitute crimes "in the historical context of the period" because whatever she did was done with party sanction. "I was Chairman Mao's dog. Whomever he told me to bite, I bit."

Shooting one dog is not likely to eliminate rabid dissent. Nor is such an act likely to counter the other kind of dissent that Fox Butterfield, our colleague in Peking, has found to be widespread: public apathy. Any faith that repudiates its prophet is not likely to see the legions of the faithful increase.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

### No Economists Need Apply

The incoming administration has not yet appointed its Council of Economic Advisers. or even provided much interesting gossip on the subject. The omission is apparently a deliberate demotion of the organization, and of the profession as well. Economists may well have become the only large minority in the American population that a successful politician can safely ignore.

It's a remarkable contrast from the original Carter Cabinet. The secretaries of the Treasury, commerce, labor and energy all had PhDs, and were supported by an impressive array of professional economists in sub-Cabinet jobs. They were people of notable ability and yet, oddly, they all seemed to cancel each other out. Economic policy was never among the Carter administration's successes, and the reasons are worth keeping in mind.

When Mr. Carter came to office, the country was in the second year of a slow recovery from a very deep recession. The new administration's first thought was to speed up the process of generating jobs and getting the unemployment rate down. The prevailing view was that the shocks of the early 1970s above all, the first oil crisis and the leap in world grain prices - were unique events, utterly unlikely ever to be repeated on that scale. The task at hand, it seemed obvious, was to overcome the lingering effects of those setbacks and to get growth back up to accus-

As for the inflationary pressures generated by high growth, that — according to the prevailing view in the administration four years ago — would not be a matter of any concern until much later. With the unemployment

rate well over 7 percent, it seemed impossible that high demand could create inflation. A year later, with the unemployment rate over 6 percent, it still seemed impossible. But by that time inflation was visibly accelerating again.

The administration then decided to try another experiment with incomes policy. The White House called it real wage insurance a promise to indemnify workers against unexpectedly high inflation if they accepted relatively low wage raises. The concept had a certain intellectual beauty. But its complexity, and the risks of enormous costs to the federal government, appalled Congress, and the idea quickly died.

The recovery during the first two Carter years had another effect as well. It sharply increased U.S. oil consumption, tightening world oil markets and preparing the conditions that led to a doubling of the oil price in 1979. The oil crisis of the early 1970s, it turned out, was not unique at all but recur-rent, likely to repeat itself whenever strained oil supplies were threatened by the political instability of the Middle East.

The next administration is already beginning to speak of the need for high economic growth, and to deliver the familiar message that inflation can't be conquered without it. But Mr. Reagan and his colleagues are going to have to tell the country how to achieve growth without driving up wages and oil consumption once again. It's not difficult for a president to shed the economists. It's harder to escape the exigencies of the subject with which they struggle.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

#### International Opinion

#### Criminals in Red Brigades

In spite of their half-baked talk of "prole-. tarian" principles and the "people's courts," the Red Brigades are looking more and more like a purely criminal enterprise. They appar-

ently have their roots in the disturbed state of Italian society — the gap between rich and poor, the rapid changes since the World War II, and the suffocating effect of an archaic administration.

- From The Times (London).

#### In the International Edition

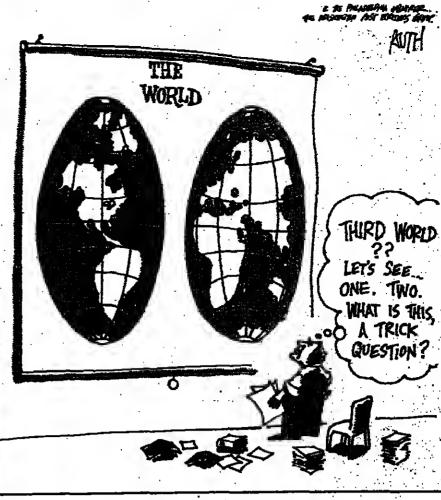
#### Seventy-Five Years Ago

**January 7, 1906** WASHINGTON - It is announced that the War Department officially states that the troops in the Philippines will be increased for the purpose of preparing for outbreaks in China. Camps Mc-Kinley and Stosenberg are raised to brigade degree. The statement declares that although there is no fresh occasion for alarm, the Chinese are evidently waking up in the interest of their government and making demands, while the governors of provinces are becoming more and more independent of the central government. Hence the Philippine garrisons will be strengthened by two regiments of infantry and two batteries of field artillery as a precaution.

#### Fifty Years Ago January 7, 1931

PARIS - A Herald editorial reads: "The fifth article in the U.S. Constitution prescribed alternate conditions of amendment. One of these is that used with the 18th Amendment - it was submitted to the states by a two-thirds vote in both houses of Congress and ratified by state legislatures. But the lawyers who are battling against its validity contend that this Fifth Amendment was modified by the 10th Amendment, which declares that 'the powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited to it by the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.' Prohibi-tion, they insist, involves such a right."





### China: Leadership's 'Crisis of Faith'

By Michael Parks

three decades in power, China's Communist Party is coming to the realization that its mistakes, particularly the Cultural Revolu-tion, have greatly eroded its popular support and now threaten its ability to govern effectively.

Whatever its past achievements, the party now faces, by its own as-sessment, the serious possibility that it will fail, just as its predecessors in Chinese history have failed, to fulfull the country's centuries old dream of becoming "rich and powerful" and thus fail to keep the promises that brought it to power.

So pervasive, so corrosive is this "crisis of faith" in the Communist leadership and in Marxism itself that the party may soon find its anthority disintegrating to the extent that it will be able to rule only

Rarely has any ruling Communist Party been so self-critical, but most top Chinese leaders are con-vinced, after an unremitting, yearlong appraisal of China's prospects, that a thorough renewal of the party is imperative, if the country is not going to be left behind in perpetual poverty.

Dilemma

Chinese leaders have gone so far in their most recent analyses as to admit that China is caught in an acute political dilemma, partially of the Communists' making. Given its backwardness and population, China can modernize only under some form of Socialism, they say, and the 38-million-member Communist Party is now the only force that can lead it; but the party has been corrupted by 30 years of takes - some of them quite grave - and now finds that none of its formulas for making the country 'rich and powerful" have worked.

The only way out, most but not all Chinese leaders accept, is reform of the party, its basic program and virtually the entire political, economic and social system it has established so that it once again has the support of the peo-

"The party's prestige is not high now — this is a fact," the party's theoretical journal, Rod Flag, de-clared in an authoritative commen-tary carried by all of China's media. "That is why we must, when insisting upon the party's leader-ship, improve it. Without improvement, we cannot persist in the [na-tion's] leadership."

Hu Yaobang, the party's general secretary, was equally forthright in speaking to a recent party confer-

Its style of leadeship is now a "matter of life or death" for the party, he said, and the changes in the four years since the death of Mao have not been sufficient to correct all the mistakes made in the previous 20.

#### Survival

This "crisis of faith," first mentioned last January by Deng Xi-aoping, a party vice chairman and aoping, a party vice chairman and dominant figure in Chinese politics, is widely reflected in the comments of Chinese officials and in the country's newspapers and journals. The new Shanghai Communist Party leader, for example, said almost casually while restating a longtime party policy that it would continue "as long as the Communist Party survives."

nist Party survives."

Was it possible, people immediately asked, that the party would not survive? The Communist Party spaper, People's Daily, admitted in a front-page editorial not long ago that the party had "sub-stituted itself for the government" and the country "suffered greatly because of this," with "no substantial improvement in living standards" for many since the Communists came to power in 1949.

The doubts are similarly reflected in the ideas Chinese are exploring for the country's modernization. While there is a revival of "classic Marxism," that is, before it was adapted for the Soviet Union by Lenin and for China by Mao, there is also extensive study for the first time in 30 years of Western philosophers - and a renaissance for traditional Chinese

thinkers such as Confucius. An article discussing planned re-vision of the Chinese constitution suggested that the social contract of Jean Jacques Rousseau and the separation of government powers proposed by Montesquieu, two 18th-century French philosopers.

PEKING — After more than and the political philosophy of three decades in power, Chi-Thomas Jefferson should all be incorporated, merely mentioning Marxism-Leninism and ignoring

"Mao Tse-tung thought."
The study of political science, forbidden for 30 years, has been officially revived, with emphasis on pluralism in political ideas and concepts. And, after years of criticizing Eurocommunism, Chinese are now studying its interpretation of Marxism for ideas on how to make its version work. The doubts have widely affected the party membership itself.

Power Corrupts

What has happened to the Chi-What has happened to the Chinese Communists has borne out Lord Acton's warning, "Power tends to corrupt and absolute power corrupts absolutely." Red Flag, reflecting Mr. Hu's views, put it this way in appraising the Chinese party today: "Is there any basic difference between a ruling party and an undergraped or nounling." and an underground or nonruling party? What is the danger to a par-ty after it has assumed power? The danger is that it will degenerate if it works carclessly. After it has assumed power, the party cannot order the masses and must not become the rulers and the ruling class of the old society.

"It is theoretically and practically possible that Socialism may degenerate into social imperialism. Mussolini, who used to be a be-liever in Socialism, later became a fascist. In China, Lin Piao [the former defense minister who attempted a coup d'etat against Mho] and the 'Gang of Four' also wanted to turn Socialism into social fascism. This is a very serious problem."

Hn's asessement, though it has the strong backing of Mr. Deng. "Our party center is leading this

liberation of the mind," an article on the "crisis of faith" said last month, calling for a nationwide critical self-appraisal, "but it is meeting serious resistance from people who maintain the modern superstition [of old Maoist concepts] and label the discussion a hanling down of the [Maoist] banner. Comrade Deng is resolute-ly dealing with this resistance and is supporting this discussion. There are people who are radically opposed to [China's course over the past two years] and enemies

will use every opportunity to make trouble."

Emerging Lines . The lines are now emerging on this issue, one of the fundamental questions facing the leadership. On one side are Mr. Deng, Mr. Hn and others who are deeply con-vinced that only with extensive de-Maoization and pragmatic new economic and social policies will the Communist Party re-establish its leadership and move China toward modernization. On the other side are dedicated Maoists, a number of whom still hold influential positions in the party, government and army. They see the abandonment of Mao's policies as a retreat from Socialism. A centrist faction that tried to remain true to Mao's legacy while supporting ba-

sic reforms appears to have swing over to Mr. Deng on this issue to maintain the leadership's unity.

"People's ideological questions are invariably a reflection of prac-

Not all party leaders accept Mr.

In's assessement, though it has the brong backing of Mr. Deng.

"Our party center is leading this beration of the mind," an article in the "crisis of faith" said last hardships in their lives in the past hardships in their lives in the past past. 20 years. We should pay more attention to solving their ideological problems by helping them solve their practical difficulties."

Already in charge of the party's day-to-day work, Mr. Hn would like to return it to the much-idealized vigor of the 1930s and 1940s when it was fighting alternately with the Chinese Nationalist government and the Japanese army. But even he has acknowledged that circumstances may have changed too much for that:

"The function of the party," the Peking Daily said recently, "is to lead the broad masses to struggle for their own interests. But to carry out its leadership, the party must first have a correct political line, principles and policies. No one will follow if they are led down the wrong path and against their own interests. Time is needed, however, before people accept even the correct line, principles and policies [and] we cannot do this forcefully or change people's minds by issuing orders."

That is the paradox the party faces: To regain the people's confidence, it needs to show against their growing cynicism that its new policies work; but how will it get the political momentum required for even this initial success? And Chinese leaders frankly ac-

knowledge now that the solution to this problem still eludes them.

O1981, Los Angeles Times.

### **Defining Limits of Power**

By David S. Broder

en guilty."

WASHINGTON — While Al-exander Haig makes his case for himself before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee this week, the man who chose him as secretary of state has an obligation of his own to fulfill. President-elect Reagan needs to make crystal clear to his associates in the incoming administration, to Congress and to the country how he views the limits on the use of official power and where he draws the line on its

Gen. Haig was a central figure in the Watergate drama, the chief of staff in the Nixon White House during the protracted period of official cover-up when the nation's chief magistrate bent the law and the facts in a desperate effort to preserve his own position.

Gen. Haig will be defending his own role in that drama during the Senate hearings, and one must hope his case is strong enough to allow his quick and overwhelming confirmation. Under anything but exceptional circumstances, the exceptional circumstances, the president-elect is entitled to his choice for the job. And goodness knows, there is plenty of work to

#### No Doubts

But whatever Gen. Haig's performance, the new president needs to address himself to the ethical and governmental dimensions of "the Watergate question." Neither his appointees nor the nation should be in any doubt about what Mr. Reagan considers permissible in the exercise of power.

One does not have to "wallow in Waterpate" to see the clear need for any new president to put himself plainly on record against the inevitable tendency of his deputies to cut corners in order to achieve what they take to be his goals.

Mr. Reagan faces that obligation particularly, because his past

pronouncements have left an impression that is, to put it politely, less than an unequivocal guide to acceptable behavior.

After voicing the initial skepticism that virtually all Republicans expressed about the origins of the

Watergate break-in, Mr. Reagan by mid-1974 was calling it "an illegal, an immoral act ... and very stupid, incredibly stupid." But he was not so clear about the coverup, saying six weeks before Mr. Nixon's resignation that "the time has come to put it in proper perspective." Because "this system is working," he told California Republican candidates on June 22 of that year, "there is no reason for anyone to comment now, except to Reagan wrote: "Those who were say that we will presume that all are innocent unless and until prov-Two weeks earlier, in an interview with columnists Rowland Ev-ans and Robert Novak, Mr.

Reagan was quoted as saying that his own reading of the Watergate transcripts (soon to be the basis of the House Judiciary Committee's impeachment votes) showed him no evidence of criminal activity by Mr. Nixon. He added the curious mment that Mr. Nixon's critics had turned to "vague areas like morality and so forth" in their cfforts to bring him down. Mr. Reagan reacted as if the major offense was Mr. Nixon's profanity, commenting that, "Tve had some meetings in this office when I've on [so] enraged at the legislature that I would not have wanted my mother to hear."

When Mr. Nixon resigned and was pardoned by Gerald Ford, Mr. Reagan supported Mr. Ford's action on the grounds that "Mr. Nixon has suffered as much as any man should."

I supported the pardon myself — though not on those grounds. But I find it disturbing that five years later, when Mr. Reagan returned to the subject of Watergate in a 1979 newspaper column, it was hard to tell where he thought the real abuse of power had oc-

In praising Nixon campaign fund-raiser Maurice Stans' book on the subject, Mr. Reagan wrote: "Is this book another of the groveling apologies we have come to expect from Watergate figures? Not on your life! The book offers constructive criticism of the so-called (and often self-proclaimed) heroes of Watergate: the prosecutors, the press, and even Sen. Sam Ervin and Judge John Strica. Speaking of Sen. Ervin, Mr.

willing to come before the commit-tee and the national television audience and bend over backwards to admit their guilt were treated well by the chairman. But those who had the nerve to insist on their innocence, as Stans did, were subject to plainly abusive treat-ment."

#### A Mistake

The president-elect also decried "the sorry performance of some news media during the Watergate years" and noted Mr. Stans' proposal for "a really effective nationwide voluntary mechanism for self-discipline by the media."

Watergate was no issue in Mr. Reagan's election, nor should it have been. But it would be a mistake for Mr. Reagan — or any president — to assume that the abuse of power could not recur, unless clear limits are publicly set. By reaching back to the Nixon White House for his principal Cabinet member, Mr. Reagan has made that obligation even clearer

It would serve him well to speak promptly — and clearly — to the ©1981, The Washington Post.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from read ers. Short letters have o better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent

enough for that."

The U.S. reprisals did no an end to what Jimmy Carone of his finer rhetorical ishes, called "the most threat to world peace sin Second World War." Thus, will the assist for Bound's Personal P all the easier for Ronald Res promise, in the heat of the paign, to end the grain en-because it "has hurt [U.S.] f and has accomplished lit nothing.

Reality Of Grain

**Embarg** 

By Philip Geyelin WASHINGTON -The of the year-long U.S.

embargo against the Sovies, is the story of the Carter and tration's life — of its along carmy knack in foreign affect doing the right thing the

The embargo, more so, other two principal U.S. to the Soviet invasion of A

stan (the Olympics boycott a cut-off of technology), cor

to make its point. Afghanist:

United States was saying, its idea of business as usua.

so, m as many ways as it

contrive short of military for

United States was gots

The problem was with the

Even some of the most loy administration officials will admit that "We created the

impression that somehow measures could bring abo withdrawal of Soviet troops one. "They just weren't penough for that."

suspend business as usual.

That's a promise the pre-elect ought to feel free to r— and there are encouragin that he is doing just that. Fr Reagan transition team ther reconsideration." The tary-designate of the Agn Department, John Block, w talked of lifting the emba soon as practical," is now s should be done at "the right Not a conclusive shift, p But enough to provide a room for Mr. Reagan, as pr to demonstrate prudent fle the large, strategic "global his advisers promise -- and

igness to accept realities. The first reality is that the embargo exists. With the ( boycott a thing of the pas mains the single most visi dramatic expression of U test — of toughness, if you in response to what was perceived to be a serious Sc

threatening the peace.

A second reality is that vembargo undeniably bear on grain producers to the sion of other farmers and the rest of the economy, ti age to the U.S. grain tritique to be) while the im-Soviet food shortages has I

U.S. grain growers or with some justice that the F have been able to acquire t the grain they otherwise have purchased in the . States. But bad harvests hated a worldwide shortas grain exports are at recor-And the Russians, me. have still fallen far short needs, and have been for draw down heavily on

Meat consumption in the Union has dropped off ala: Soviet President Leon zhnev has publicly admitte rious food shortages and g priority to "improvement food supply." The incompublican chairman of the Foreign Relations Cor Charles Percy, brought ba Moscow what he regards vincing evidence that the c

is having a punishing effect "They talk of it as le belts," he told me, "but wimean is that they can't fo

own people."
Which brings us to the t
ality: The Russians, a yes
are still struggling to establi control over Afghanistan. they will withdraw their for til they are satisfied that th leave behind a Marxist, So ented government able to II

While Vietnam is a weak gy (Afghanistan is contigue insurgents are lightly arme little outside support), the reports have a familiar rins speak of "search and destre erations with helicopter gragainst elusive, resourceful, mined guerrillas; of whole beyond effective Soviet r control, or controllable on

ing the day.

The grain embargo, in words, is not going to be d in Afghanistan. But then it could have been. The ques whether, given all the realiti-something that the United should unilaterally yield up. I find it hard to imagi-

Reagan administration canc valid U.S. protest and the away what appears to be a able bargaining counter with in the spirit of "linkage" — ing something in return.

6/981, The Washington Par

Herald Tribune

John Hay Whitney Chairman Katharine Graham

Arthur Ochs Sulzberger Co-Chairmen International Hemid Tribuna, S.A. va capital de 1,300.000 F. R.C. Fasis No 73 B 2112. 178/181, see Charles de Gandia, 92521 Neully-saw-ficher. Fd. 1874-1545. Telect: 612718 Hemid. Paris Cabber. Heatd, Paris. Chineston de la publicación: Widner N. Thuyer. U.S. subscription prote 5223 yearly, Second clase postage pade at Long Island City. N.Y. 11107 of 1971 International Speak Inflama. All rights reserved. Comercia-son Paris Inflama. All rights reserved. Comercia-son Paris Inflama.

General Manager, Ania: Abda Lectur, 24-34 Henorety Road, Room 1801, Rong Kong, Tel. 5-28 56 18/9, Telev. 51170 INTRICATA. 1979

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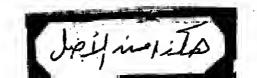
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Micha!



#### That's a prosety. German Socialist Says elect ought to feet. German Socialist Says Resignan transplet urope Rethinks Missiles tan-designate d - By John Vinocur Social Democratic parliamentary caucus, said that although his

Department, John New York Times Service

talked of lifer: New York Times Savice
social a practical DNN — The foreign policy
should be lost a leasure of the Social DemoNot a totaler in Party's parliamentary group
But recent in that if the United States Senroom for M. R. does not vote in favor of the
to demonstrate and intelear arms treaty,
the large state to not enter the large state of the reconsidered. his the property have to be reconsidered. he spokesman, Karsten Voigt,

entergy case Firy in its present form seems boyce. Land takely, the rethinking process is maras :: Eady under way among Social dram in West Germany and test — the other European nations in in respect to TO.

perceived in whichere was no way to judge how threwers; march support Mr. Voigt's position A sever mistht have with the Social Demoemaza, azawis' parliamentary group, but it en grandd probably cause difficulties som of our maween the party's left wing and the rest of the ennection Helmut Schmidt, and age to be l'inveen Foreign Minister Hanstinue to be agers and their coalition partners. Source free desident Carter and the Soviet

And the

TEST.

ler. Leonid Brezhnev, signed Victoria in June, have been a series of the party's the grown wine and the series of his party's

have such as wing and the former chief of Stotes. But the same the Social Democratic stote with the social Democratic stote with the social Democratic stote with the social Democratic grain extension for Parliament's Forn Affairs Commission in No-ober. He made his views known have so the bu have street the links between the arms trea-needs and NATO's December 1979 draw ission on nuclear modernization Meal a series of statements last week. Save: Product that he was not speaking the government of Chancellor

the government of Chancellor middle but was expressing "a baparty attitude, particularly food whether he favored apping NATO's plans to station Pershing and Cruise missiles West Germany, Britain, the therlands, Belgium and Italy if warms treaty is not ratified, Mr. arms treaty is not ratified, Mr. is have a replied: Logically, that auld be what I'm saying, but I was that I'll say that the sit-

tion must be reconsidered." Could Be Unnecessary

Asked whether the administrator of President-elect Reagan control land sent regard his position as a rest in the land read or as interference in the in-Teat or as interference in the inthe art was made affairs of the United States,
The art was voigt replied: "If you take a
teat a second of concept, then losicelly a unid concept, then logically you've

The West German government's are ficial position is that it accepts in NATO decision to begin interest and alling the new missiles but that special with mixed States and the Soviet Unagainst electron an could make the deployment mined effector ations were held last year in General or country and an analysis of country are selected or country and an analysis of country and an analysis of country are an analysis of country and an analysis of country are an analysis of country are an analysis of country and an analysis of country are an analysis of country and an analysis of country are an analysis of country and an analysis of cou eralist elisten could make the deployment

Mr. Schmidt has been one of the ing the day of the owing forces behind the nuclear oving forces behind the nuclear modes of the property of the modes of

Release administration of decision to progress in every state of disarmament talks.

Release administration area of disarmament talks.

Mr. Voigt's position, attacked away with the parliamentary opposition as attempt to sabotage the NATO are the specific partial and ecision and West German ties to the same things are under the same things are under the parliamentary opposition as a strength of the parliamentary opposition as a stren

r. Genscher about a growing ndency to undermine NATO. ainst the basis of a realistic poli-for strengthening peace."

Apparently in an attempt to sof-1 Mr. Voigt's formulation, Maria hlei, the deputy chairman of the

astern Offers Deal

NEW YORK — Eastern Airlines are to give away about 200,000 upons this many about 200,000 The Associated Press upons this month good for a

#### Party's Popularity Slips

### Oslo Stockpile Issue **Backfires on Premier**

By John Ausland onal Herald Tribune

OSLO --- As Premier Odvar Nordil surveys the political disar-ray left by the yearlong wranging over the issue of stockpiling heavy U.S. arms and other military equipment in Norway, he must find it difficult to look forward to 1981 with any enthusiasm.

With the impetus of events in Poland, approval of the stockpiling by the Storting (parliament) soon is assured.

But at the same time, it seems clear that most Norwegians have lost confidence in the Nordli gov-

#### **NEWS ANALYSIS**

ernment, and the way in which it handled the stockpiling issue was an important factor. One of the bitterest moments came last month when the bimonthly opinion poll registered for the second time in a row that the Conservative Party had narrowly passed the Labor Party in popularity, 30.3 percent to 30 percent.

Last year was tough for Mr.

Nordli. He started off with mich

of his Labor Party angry with him because of his failure to consult it about Norway's support for the NATO decision in December, 1979, to deploy 572 U.S. ballistic missiles in Europe. He extracted himself from this predicament by going all out for disarmament, after having rushed off to Washington to get photographed with President 'Carter. At the same time, Reiulf Steen, the leader of the Labor Party halanced this matters. bor Party, balanced this gesture toward the West by making a trip to Moscow.

Although the storm warnings were posted after this episode, the government was again taken by surprise when a New York Times story in February focused attention on the proposal to stockpile U.S. materiel. The materiel, U.S. jeeps, trucks, artillery, anti-tank missiles and other heavy equipment would be used by a special brigade of \$,000 U.S. Marines who would be among the first NATO reinforcement assigned to Norway in the event of Soviet attack. When the grumbling in the Labor Party mounted, Defense Minister Thorvald Stoltenberg's first inclination was to delay.

range and intercontinental sys-When the Pentagon got wind of Mr. Voigt has told West Gerthis, it became impatient. Having man journalists that the talks on been quietly pushed by Norwegian limiting medium-range weapons had an "absolute priority" over military authorities for several years to stockpile and ment for the Marines, U.S. of cials found it "absolute priority" over any decision on weapon develop-ment. He insisted that the party difficult to understand why the could not accept the concept of Norwegians had suddenly lost en-military dominance as opposed to the sasan. During a visit by Mr. should include parts of the Soviet one of a balance of power. Stoltenberg to Washington last Union.

summer, U.S. Defense Secretary Harold Brown asked him for a decision, on the grounds that he needed to know whether to include the project in his 1981 budget. Sen. Henry Jackson, D-Wash, reinforced this during a subsequent visit to Oslo.

After weighing his dilemma, Mr. Nordli decided to put the question to a meeting of the National Committee of the Labor Party in early September. In order to make the stockpiling more palatable to its opponents (and to the Russians), it was proposed to locate the stocks in central Norway. To compensate the Norwegian military, who want-ed the stocks in northern Norway, the government offered stockpiles for an additional Norwegian regiment in the north.

Scheme Misfires This scheme misfired. Although the Pentagon adjusted rather easily and the Norwegian military pro-nounced themselves satisfied, the opponents in the Labor Party were not mollifed. They wanted a de-

Rather than force the issue, Mr. Nordli agreed to give the opposi-tion until early December to make its points. They went at it with a will: torchlight parades, mass rallies, and petitions. The press contributed with conflicting opinion polls, front-page pictures of mush-room clouds, and maps showing the formidable military forces near Norway. At times, one could have thought the country was on the brink of war.

The debate was intensified when the Conservative Party, sensing victory in elections in September decided to break its common front with the Labor Party on defense. While expressing doubt about the decision to having the stockpiles in central Norway, it concentrated its fire on charges of mismanagement by the Nordli government.

The debate broadened last fall as the opponents became more aware that the stockpiling for the U.S. Marines was only a small part of the plan and that extensive stockpiling for NATO aircraft was already well advanced.

The forces against stockpiling have vowed not to abandon the struggle and have set themselves to change Norway's policy on nuclear weapons. While the policy forbids nuclear weapons on Norwegian soil in peacetime, in keeping with NATO strategy, it does not entirely exclude them in the event of

Bending with the wind, the La-bor Party leadership has acceded to the proposal by the anti-stockpiling forces for a Nordie nuclear

#### French Regarded Island as Well Governed

### Blast Focuses Attention on Guadeloupe

By Frank J. Prial New York Times Service

statements reflected the thoughts

of some party members, the re-

marks were "too rigid and rather hasty" and did not allow Mr.

Reagan time to form a disarma-

NATO and West Germany, Mr.

Voigt said, face "a conceptual problem that is almost without a

solution if they try to arrive at an agreement about middle-range

missiles as long as the agreement

on intercontinental atomic weap-ons has not taken effect." He said

this difficulty "can only be lifted when both sides allow the talks to

run into a new, general agreement"

that would cover both medium-

ment policy.

PARIS — By demolishing much of the Chanel countrier shop here with a bomb Sunday, separatists from Guadeloupe served notice that they would no longer be ig-

Just last week, on Dec. 29. President Valery Giscard d'Estaing arrived at Guadeloupe's airport to fly back to Paris from a six-day holiday in the sun. Driving his own car, he studiously ignored the shattered passenger terminal where, the day before, separatists had ex-ploded a 12-pound time bomb in a

baggage locker.

The bombing was the 15th case of violence in Guadeloupe, an overseas department, or state, of France, in nine months, all claimed by a group calling itself the Guadeloupe Liberation Army. On the eve of the president's arriv-al, another bomb destroyed a studio of the government-owned television system and, two days after his departure, a prominent island businessman narrowly escaped in-jury when his car was fired upon

killed removing a bomb from the wing of an Air France Boeing 727, also at the airport. The plane was destroyed.

Guences may be. The Victnamese killed French colonialism, the Algerians dug its grave and the Guadeloupians will bury it.

'Harassment'

The campaign of violence began in March when a wealthy businessman and the only white member of the City Council of Pointe-a-Pitre, Guadeloupe's largest city, was shot and wounded by gunman. In claiming responsibility for that atwas opening a "campaign of harassment" against "French colo-nialism" and warned all French living on the seven islands in the Caribbean to "pack their bags and icave before Dec. 31, 1980."

About 30,000 of Guadeloupe's 385,000 people are white, 12,000 of them born there and the rest born in mainland France or in Algeria.

On Dec. 10, an anonymous letter to Le Monde in Paris warned that Mr. Giscard d'Estaing should abandon his proposed vacation be-cause "we will consider it a provo-"Moreover," the letter said, "we assume sole and complete responby a sniper.

Last Sept. 17, a policeman was sibility for whatever the conse-

**New Coalition Is Formed** In Portugal, Ending Crisis

By Richard Wallis Reuters

LISBON - The formation of a new Portuguese government has ended the political crisis provoked by the death of Premier Francisco Sa Carneiro last month.

But the coalition put together by premier-designate Francisco Pinto Balsemao has not bealed all the political divisions the late rightist eader left behind in the ruling Democratic Alliance.

Mr. Pinto Balsemao, 43, a liberal newspaper editor who served as minister of state under Sa Carneiro, Monday night announced the composition of his Cabinet of Social Democrats, Christian Democrats and Monarchists.

The new government, the second formed by the alliance since January, 1979, and the thirteenth since Portugal's 1974 revolution, will be sworn in on Friday before President Antonio Ramalho President Eanes secured a sec-

ond term when he defeated the alliance's candidate in last month's presidential elections. The traditional right bas watched with scepticism Mr. Pinto Balsemao's efforts to form a gov-

ernment capable of overcoming

the conflict that had opposed Sa

Carneiro to Gen. Eanes.

rightists, including figures from his own Social Democrats, turned down invitations to join Mr. Pinto political pressures. Balsemao's government, apparently convinced its chances of survival were slim.

The new premier, however, has insisted that he plans to rule for four years with the help of the alliance's comfortable parliamentary majority and that during that time he will take Portugal ioto the European Economic Community. The new government's first task

will be to revise Portugal's 1976 constitution as a first step toward adapting the country's internal structures to EEC requirements. The alliance hopes to get the

help of the Socialists, the main opposition party, in pushing through parliament a constitutional revision that would reduce the powers of the president, bring the armed forces under government control, strip the 1976 text of its revolutionary phraseology and reduce the state's domination of the econ-

Following the death of Sa Caroeiro, the project to revise the constitution has emerged as the main

liance together.

claiming responsibility for that at-tack, the separatist group said it in the Indian Ocean, are not colo-

The unrest on Guadeloupe is

particularly annoying to the French because they have long prided themselves on the attention they have paid to their three Carib-

bean departments, Guadeloupe, Martinique and French Guiana. The French say that these possesnies but departments, which means they are as much a part of France as Normandy or the Cote d'Azur. To the French, the relationship is the same as that between Hawaii or Alaska and the rest of the Unit-

Social Services

As such, they are eligible for all French social services: medical and unemployment benefits and pensions. Consequently, the stan-dard of living there is 5 to 20 times what it is on neighboring islands, most of which have gained their in-dependence from Britain since World War IL

Local elections on Guadeloupe have indicated that the majority of voters oppose independence from

France.
The political unrest that swept through the Caribbean in the 1960s and 70s came late to the French islands, mostly because of their higher standard of living and because, according to French officials, free access to the French mainland siphoned off social and

As many as 50,000 young people from Guadeloupe and Martinique went to France each year and found jobs. No longer. Like the equally angry Corsicans, who used to find jobs in the army and civil service, young people in the French West Indies see little future at home or in France. Unemployment on Guadeloope among working-age persons is about 40 per-

#### **Chanel Showing Unchanged**

PARIS (UPI) - Chanel said Monday it would present its spring-summer collection starting Jan. 27 as scheduled despite the bombing which did virtually no damage to the drawing room where the new collection is being The blast injured a night watch-

man and wrecked several rooms of Chanel's Paris headquarters on the Rue Cambon. Chanel managers said it was too early to estimate damage at the fashion house, which was opened by Gabrielle (Coco) Chanel in 1922. She factor keeping the Democratic Alworked there until her death in

#### **Education and Docility**

## Good Behavior: A Visit to a Nursery in Peking

By Fox Butterfield

حكدا مدلامل

New York Times Service DEKING — Ten 1-year-olds are squeezed next to one another on a bench, their backs against a wall. They sit motionless. None cries, pushes or

A woman takes a small windup toy chicken out of a box, turns the key and lets it strut across the floor past the infants feet. Again, none of the children moves or tries to grab the toy, as their U.S. counterparts surely would. They simply follow it with their eyes.

Finally, one boy cannot resist. He toddles over and pounces on the chicken. The attendant gently picks him up and deposits him back on the bench.

This episode took place one morning in the near gray brick nursery school and kindergarten run by the Peking Printing and Dyeing factory for 270 children of its workers. It is similar to scenes acted out in tens of thou-sands of preschool classes across

#### Little Anxiety

American visitors to China are impressed, often amazed, by the almost universal good behavior of Chinese children. They are quiet, obedient and quick to follow their teachers' instructions, and they seldom exhibit the boisterous aggressiveness or sel-fishness of U.S. children.

Nor do visitors often find the signs of anxiety and tension that many American children show.

The Chinese children do not cry, whine, throw tantrums or suck

their thumbs. Why Chinese children are so well-behaved is one of the mysteries about China that Americans have not quite solved. There

is some suggestive evidence, how-ever. And there is also a hint that the docility the Chinese inculcate in their young may result in less individuality and a greater tend-ency toward conformity and acceptance of authority when they pecome adults. The Chinese seem to strive to create a sense of closeness with their offspring from birth (Americans might call it smothering or

dependency). Many Chinese mothers still swaddle their babies, binding their legs and some-times their arms in cloth so that they cannot move.

Chinese infants sleep in the same room and often on the same bed with their parents, or grandparents, until they are at least 2 or 3 years old. For the

Chinese, who must live in small apartments, this closeness is due partly to economic necessity, but it produces an intimacy that few U.S. children get. At the nursery school run by the Peking Printing and Dyeing factory, parents start bringing their children when they are as

young as 56 days, which is when their mothers' maternity leave Every activity in the nursery school, it seems, is highly struc-tured. When the children are 1,

the attendants begin to toilet-

train them, placing them on en-amel spittoons after they wake up from their naps and keeping them there until they defecate.

When a U.S. newsman with a 1-year-old of his own expressed incredulity that children so young could be toilet-trained, by coincidence a 14-month-old girl in a red smock and green pants wandered off the communal bench where she had been sitting passively with her playmates and picked up one of the spittoons, then sat down and accomplished

Part of the explanation for Chinese children's good behav-ior, some U.S. psychologists who have visited China feel, is that Chinese parents and the teachers in nurseries and kindergartens tend to be warm, kind and attentive. During a day in the factory nursery school, this correspond-ent did not witness a single incident of physical punishment or harsh verbal rebuke by a teacher.

"We never a spank a child who is naughty," insisted the school's director, Li Jianzhi, a 39-year-old woman with short cropped hair and a radiant smile. "Instead, we try to persuade them to behave

properly.

If one boy pushes another, I ask him to help the other child up and then to apologize. Usualthat is all that is necessary. ly that is all that is necessary.

Her serene confidence that her method works may indeed be in-

As Chinese children move from nursery school to kinder-garten, their activities remain

Lattuada has achieved with "La

involves rote memory and copy-ing tasks set by the teacher.

In a day of searching, a visitor was unable to find a single one of the 270 students who sucked his thumb. or was left-handed. "We do have a few who suck their thumbs," said Li, "but we correct them. It is a bad habit. We wrap their thumbs with tape and caution their parents about it. They stop it."

Some Chinese parents worry that the tough regimentation of nursery school and kindergarten tends to make their children too placid and uncreative. A professor at Peking University said he was concerned because his 5year-old son, whom he boards in kindergarten, just sits quietly and doesn't speak when he comes home. About one-third of the children are boarders, staying at their schools from Monday morning until Saturday after-

Chinese children who raised at home often tend to be more spoiled and livelier than those sent to nursery school. An American was amused to watch a 4-year-old girl, Niannian, when she went to a park to play. She lives at home and is cared for by her grandmother.

Niannian wanted to ride down the slide. But there was a long line of patient children behind the ladder, all standing quietly waiting their turn. Niannian didn't want to wait. So she took the most direct way, climbing up the chute in front

#### 'La Cigala' Is a Rabelaisian Tale of an Aging Singer cabaret dancer and now lives in discreet seclusion in a dilapidated scores as a roughneck client of the

motel.

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss International Herald Tribune DARIS - The Italian cinema

in the doldrums, to judge from recent feeble exports — is restored to repotable status with "La Cigala" (at the Danton, the Biar-niz and Les Halles in its original, racy language).
This new film by Alberto Lat-

tuada has many of the ingredients that have distinguished Italian moviemaking since the war. It is vi-brant with ironic veracity, a heritage of the postwar neorealism, ft has verve, dash and a consistent, binding rhythm. It has Rabelaisian gusto to balance the violence and it paints its rogues gallery of dramatis personae distinctly. It never lags for boring discussion periods (the menace of movies these days). ft tells its story, such as it is, clearly and boldly. Other

cineastes, please copy.

The narrative relates the vicissihall songstress whose brassy deliv-ery is accorded boots and howls from disco-oriented youngsters. It is time to retire, but where to go?

A man of her own generation who runs a motel-restaurant succumbs to ber tarnished allure and weds her; she brings with her an orphan girl whom she has taken under her wing. The singer proves an attraction to the establishment. She still dazzles the bar-loafers and truckers who frequent the roadside hostel and as her resistance to admiration is low, the marriage is in danger, though all goes smoothly until she also installs in the household her natural daughter, an adolescent who has inherited her mother's lascivious nature. Jealtragedy and murder.

The script is derived from a novel that has evidently undergone some revision. The heroine of the book is the orphan handmaiden, here an awed witness but not a participant, stage-center being held by the mother and daughter locked in a desperate struggle. However, Clio Goldsmith's playing of the now secondary role has won her awards. She has moving quality as the generous, pitying by-stander, though all the acting is su-

Virna Lisi contributes an all-out performance as the sulking, deposed siren and Anthony Franciosa as the restaurant proprietor who marries her is an ideal foil. Barba-

siens in English) a retired show-girl has other problems than those visra de Rossi registers strongly as the daughter and Renato Salvatori underworld czar in her days as a

She has been the mistress of an



Virna Lisi (left), Clio Goldsmith in "La Cigala."

Cigala" a riveting drama of sex psychology filled with throbbing life, convincing characters and viv. who has informed against his asso-ciates is about to be bumped off, life, convincing characters and vivid atmosphere. The ensemble effect, the shrewd casting, the local

color and talk, and the abiding fascination of the treatment are the fruits of uncommon and sensitive memorandum book. In "Gloria" (at the Saint-Germain Huchette, the Gaumont Champs-Elysces and Les 7 Parnas-

ited on her colleague in "La Ciga-

has conducted a successful boxoffice experiment on this occasion, which has won him homage as an artist, too. "Gloria" shared the Golden Lion of the 1980 Venice festival as one of the two outstanding films in competition. That Cassavetes' present work is professionally competent is not to be denied. He juggles the narrow escapes with

cal improvement to the shooting of wild pursuits. The chief assets of the enterprise are the swift pace. Gena Rowlands as the gangland moll humanized by a child's plight, and John Adams as the saucy

Outgrowth of Religious-Financial Scandal

## Battle of the Generations Is Taking Shape in Israel

By Marcus Eliason

The Associated Press TEL AVIV - What began as a money scandal among the rabbi-nate is growing into a battle symbolizing the generation gap be-tween Israel's immigrant fathers

and its Sabra sons. The conflict involves two na-tional figures. Your Burg, 71, a

#### Nigeria Refuses To Accept New Libyan Mission

From Agency Dispatches
ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast — Nigeria has given Libya 48 hours to close down its mission, Lagos radio said Tuesday. The radio, monitored in Abid-

jan, said the decision by the govemment followed an announ ment by the Libyan mission in Lagos that the embassy was being transformed into a "People's Bureau." It quoted a government statement saying that the change was made without consultation with Nigeria.

Libyan leader Col. Moamer Qadhafi said in September, 1979, that Libyan embassies would be transformed into People's Bureaus. He has described their purpose as a link with other peoples but not with their governments. The Libyan embassies in Tokyo

and Peking were converted into People's Bureaus Tuesday. In Peking, the Libyan Embassy staff joined in an afternoon ceremony, as banners were strung out on the former embassy's gates proclaiming, in Chinese, Arabic and Eng-

"Democracy Means Popular In Tokyo, about 50 persons marched on the Libyan Embassy and reorganized it as a People's Bureau, setting up a five-man "People's Council" to represent the Libyan people. Four men who lowed his detectives to burglarize a factory in search of evidence

served as diplomats at the embassy

and a Libyan graduate student will

rose to the post of interior minister and a leader of the powerful National Religious Party.

Against him is Herzl Shafir, 51,

Israeli-born former general, guer-rilla fighter for independence and, until he was fired last week, the chief of police. The firing of Mr. Shafir has unleashed a storm of controversy. Mr. Burg said he dismissed Mr.

Shafir for insubordination. Mr. Shafir claims the real reason was that his probe into high-level cor-ruption had engulfed Religious Af-fairs Minister Aharon Abuhatzeira and was threatening Mr. Burg him-

Law and Order

Mr. Shafir's partisans, many of them popular former generals, are sponsoring a drive to support Mr. Shafir and talking indignantly about the need for law and order. Mr. Burg is saying Mr. Shafir would have turned Israel into a police state with his tough; unorthodox methods.

Public opinion, always fond of

the military, appears to be firmly on Mr. Shafir's side. The din from the war of words has all but drowned out the fears some Israelis are voicing. Mr. Shafir claims Mr. Burg or-

dered him to drop an investigation into possible misappropriation of funds in the Interior Ministry until after the November general elec-

Mr. Burg denies it, saying Mr. Shafir told him he had picked up "rumors, gossip, stander" about the ministry and could not give details. Mr. Burg says he told Mr. Shafir to gather all the data but to keep it confidential lest innocent people be slandered in the emotional pre-election atmosphere. Mr. Burg says he dismissed Mr.

Shafir for endangering democratic freedoms. He says Mr. Shafir al-

against organized crime, installed a

microphone in an Interior Minis-

refugee from the Nazis, a shrewd try official's office and made politician and biblical scholar who slighting remarks about the religslighting remarks about the religious sentiments of Orthodox Jews on the ministry staff.

Perhaps worst, in Mr. Burg's view, was the planting of a false news story saying six persons were willing to testify against Mr. Abuhatzeira if he went on trial for misappropriating funds. In fact, as Mr. Shafir later admitted, there was only one such witness.

Mr. Shafir's old commander,

Mr. Shair's old commander, Moshe Dayan, said that while Mr. Shafir was defending his country and sleeping on the bartlefield night after night, Mr. Burg was staying in "luxury hotels." Mr. Burg replied that "every generation has its task. I faced up to the Gestapo. I rescued children

... Mine was a generation that rescued. Herzl Shafir's generation Former chief of staff Haim Laskov defended Mr. Shafir on Israel television and brought the debate to an emotional peak, speaking of "building the Zionist dream, building the new Jewish man ... For this we have filled our came-

teries. There are moral issues bere

that make me understand Herzl's

desperation and confusion." The Jerusalem Post commented that Mr. Shafir "enjoys the sup-port of those who believe that a military record grants rights to power that a mere civilian minister like Dr. Burg cannot impugn. This dangerous line of thought ... has no place in democratic debate."

Mr. Shafir claims he is inundated with calls from supporters who are "sick of the political bunch." But he promises that "we certainly won't use tanks to run over these crocodiles."

Historian Meir Pa'il, a former colonel and a leftist member of parliament, sees the Burg-Shafir conflict as a battle between the old Zionist leadership that transplanted European democracy into the Middle East, and the bit:ustim a slang term meaning "those who get things done" with minimum regard for established procedure.

along with his entire family. He begs her to shelter his little son. She does so, but after the massacre of the informer and his other relatives she must flee the wrath of gangland with her charge — who has on his person an incriminating The premise may seem prepos terous, but it is sufficient for an

apartment building where hoods

reside and creep. One neighbor

exciting chase during which the exboofer's maternal instinct is aroused and the relationship beween her and the sassy tot is comically and sentimentally exploited. John Cassavetes, once a leading light of U.S. experimental cinema,

clan, keeps everything on the jump and, as they say, "pulls the heart

But is there any Hollywood di-rector who has not executed such a feat? Cassavetes brings no techni-

"The old Zionists have failed to produce a new generation of leaders," Mr. Pa'il said. Therefore the

struggle is between "Burg, the old, waning politician and Shafir, the younger, fairly good bitzuist." He said that he fears "all this talk about a law-and-order state. It's something that looks very at-tractive but it's very dangerous."

#### **Press Institute** Protests S. Africa Newspaper Curbs The Associated Press

LONDON - The director of the International Press Institute has lodged a protest "in strongest possible terms" with South Africa's white-minority government for its refusal to allow four black newspa-

pers to resume publication. "During the past two years, South Africa has introduced some of its most drastic press laws to date, whittling away the right of an already half-free press to comment on matters of importance," IPI di-rector Peter Galliner said Monday in a message to South African Prime Minister Pieter Botha.

He said the IPI, which represents 2,000 editors and journalists. protests "in the strongest possible terms at the suspended registrations of four black newspapers and at the banning orders placed on two highly respected journalists, Mr. Zwelekne Sisulu and Mr. Mn-

tumuthu Subramoney." The four newspapers, aimed at black readers, recently bad their registration certificates lifted because the government said they had failed to publish for over a month. The certificates are required to publish. The papers appealed to the South African Supreme Court, which refused to reinstate the certificates.

The papers had been struck by black journalists, and Mr. Subramoney and Mr. Sisuln were accused of leading the strikers.

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Jos in lita

### Page 7 Wednesday, January 7, 1981

### USINESS NEWS BRIEFS

#### A Accused of Violating EEC's Trade Rules JSSELS - The Common Market Commission Tuesday accused

ational Business Machines of violating EEC free-trade rules by its dominant market position to limit competition.

notified of the charges, which include price-rigging, limiting propa, markets or techniques to the detriment of consumers, and marigging by selling only to firms that accept special conditions.
Se commission began its investigation in 1974 after eight European suter makers complained about IBM. A commission spokeaman it will begin discussions with IBM and then decide whether to

### se a penalty or drop the issue. In two cases under the same law, based United Brands and the Swiss pharmacentical company Hoff-La Roche were heavily fined by the commission. # Plans More Talks on Two China Projects

RIN - Fiat will send a delegation to China later this month to inne talks on a possible contract to build a diesel-engine plant at ing in central China and to modernize an tractor plant in northern

ia, a Fiat spokesman said Tuesday.

z was commenting on a report in the Milan daily Corriere Della Sera the delegation would sign a contract valued at between \$40 million \$50 million as the first step in a deal worth more than \$600 million.

ussions on the projects have been going on since 1978.

Vithout confirming the \$40-to-\$50 million figure for the possible first tract, the spokesman said he would "not be so sceptical" of the \$600 ion cited for the whole project. He cantioned that the Chinese have a talking with some First competitors as well

#### tel Expects to Post Another Loss in 1981

UMEGEN, The Netherlands — Estel N.V. Hoesch-Hoogovens exits to show another considerable loss in 1981 after last year's deterior in results from 1979, Jan Hooglandt, chairman of the Dutch-West

man steel group, said Tuesday.
"He said these setbacks will put further pressure on financial reserves, tring concentration on maintenance and improvement of liquidity. He so slower growth in Europe and declining export opportunities as riblems facing the company.

Setel has not published results for all 1980, but it earlier announced a

e-month pretax loss of 267.4 million guilders (\$162.9 million), of ich 152.4 million guilders were in the third quarter with no improve-ant expected in the final quarter. It reported a 1979 net loss of 173.7 plion guilders.

#### ppon Steel Sets Lowest Output in 10 Years The Associated Press

OKYO - Nippon Steel, Japan's largest steelmaker, said Tuesday it is Jing down crude steel production in the first quarter to 7.1 million is, the lowest level in 10 years.

In official said the output represents a decline of about 7.8 percent in the previous quarter, when production is estimated to have totaled but 7.7 million tons. On a quarterly basis, it is the lowest since March 10, when Yawata Iron & Steel and Fuji Iron & Steel merged to form opon Steel, according to the official.

He said exports have been going down on a broad front, reflecting again economic conditions in industrial countries. In the domestic riket, a slowdown in automobile production and construction has led an inventory surplus:

#### att & Whitney Says Jet Engines Certified

AST HARTFORD, Conn. — United Technologies Corp.'s Pratt & itney subsidiary said the first two of its fuel-efficient JT9D-7R4 enmodels have been certified for sirline service by the Federal Avia-

said 14 U.S. and international airlines have placed firm orders and ions for 197 wide-bodied jets equipped with the engines, including Bocing 767, Airbus Industric A310, and Bocing's stretched 747

#### **Ierrill Names Executives** 'o Head Its London Unit

IEW YORK - Memil Lynch Co. appointed two new senior nagers for its London-based rrill Lynch International Bank sidiary, a company spokesman

Donald Roth, former deputy, maging director of Chase Manttan Ltd. in London, becomes maging director of the subsidiinvestment banking division, d Robert Williamson, formerly subsidiary's representative in w York, becomes managing ditor of its banking division.
The appointments follow the ignation of David Montagu, o was chairman of the subsidi-

7, and John Craven, who was its outy chairman and chief execu-te officer. e officer.
The spokesmen said the ap-

intments did not indicate any regarization of the subsidiary. me observers had predicted a re-I banking and the investment nk and trading functions would separated, with each getting its n managing director.
The resignations of Mr. Monta-

and Mr. Craven came less than rear after the well-known intertional bankers were hired to ild up Merrill Lynch's global fincing business. Company sources said Mr.

ontagu and Mr. Craven found managerial controls at the fi-ncial services giant incompatible th their more independent busi-

Key Players

Merrill Lynch issued a terse tement last week characterizing e departures as "amicable," but all Street sources reported a
wer struggle between the two
m and Arthur Uremoli presint of Merrill Lynch internation and the immediate overseer of London operation. London operation.

The two London bankers were night to have been key players.
Merrill Lynch's aggressive patch
a healthy slice of the internanal financing trade. "I don't see w [the departures] could help it slow it down a little bit," a arrill Lynch executive said glum-"Craven is one of the biggest mes in international banking.

Mr. Urcinoli maintains that, lile the parting of the ways is "a tht setback in the short term," if es not warrant prolonged mrning at the international 'nking unit, which he says will nimue aggressively to court inintions, corporations and gov-

Would I have been happier if it

I worked out nicely? Yes," he d. But is it the end of the world 22 we found out that it didn't axes Mr. Craven was the dominant ce at Credit Suisse White Weld

before First Boston bought into the international banking concern; which was renamed Credit Suisse First Boston. Officials at First Bos-

Warburg saying he thought First Boston was too large. "No one could understand how he could go to Merrill Lyach if he couldn't take the size at First Boston," said a First Boston source, adding that Mr. Craven's resignation from the Wall Street giant last

ton said that Mr. Craven was in-

strumental in the transition but

left soon afterward to join S.G.

week came as no surpris Mr. Montagn and Mr. Craven are reported to have lost considerable sums trading British govern-ment bonds late last summer for Merrill Lynch International A company official said they "practiced 1918-style trading right by

the old-boy network." The departure of the independent-minded bankers hits a sensitive chord at Merrill Lynch, which, as Wall Street's unrivaled grant, continually fights the perception that it is more bureaucratic and less entrepreneurial than other firms.

#### Philippine Advance Slowest Since 1960s

MANILA - Philippine econom ic growth slowed last year to the lowest rate in more than a decade. The gross national product advanced a real 4.7 percent last year compared with 5.8 percent in 1979 and down from the revised 1980 target of 55 percent, Economic Planning Minister Gerardo Sicat

said in a report. The slowdown was attributed to the impact of cumulative oil price contracts abroad last year, mainly rises, continuing recessionary world conditions, further increases in the prices of imports other than obtained overseas contracts worth cil and to the effects of a typhoon \$6.35 billion in 1979 and \$8.15 bilin November.

### **World Bank** Halts Loan

For India Unusual Move Tied

To Contract Dispute By Edward Cody

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — In a reversal
described by its officials as extraordinary, the World Bank has halted a previously agreed-upon \$250 million loan to India because of a decision by Prime Minister In-

of a decision by Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's government to take
away an initialed development
contract from a U.S. firm against
the advice of India's own experts.

Mrs. Gandhi denounced the
bank's withdrawal Monday as interference in India's affairs, and
government spokesmen said New
Delhi would look elsewhere for financing that part of the \$1.5 bilnancing that part of the \$1.5 billion fertilizer project.

The dispute, which has become

political controversy in India, atches the normally soft-stepping World Bank against the country that has become its largest single borrower, with more than \$11 bil-

The decision to halt the sixmonth-old loan accord before any funds were even transferred was described by bank officials as "very unusual."

The disagreement stems from a decision last fall by a committee of the Gandhi government to over-rule recommendations by two expert committees that consultancy contracts for design of two ammo-ma plants in the project go to the Alhambra, Calif., firm of C.F. Brann. Sources said the World Bank regards the explanation for

the switch as madequate.

A World Bank spokesman, announcing the loan halt, declined to elaborate on what the bank's experts found wrong with the switch. He noted that the halt covers financing for only two of the four proposed plants. Negotiations for a loan to finance the second two

Based on the first committee's recommendations under the previ-ous Indian government, C.F. Braun had initialed a contract in December 1979- with a government-owned Indian firm for two of the plants to be built near Bombay at a cost of about \$800 million. Last February, a company official said, it initialed a second contract, this one with a firm partially owned by the government and partially cooperatively owned, for two more plants to be built to the north in Guiarat State for about

the same price.

But in the meantime, Mrs. Gandhi had returned to power in January 1980 and ordered a review of all contracts awarded to foreign firms, citing the need to check on possible corruption under the pre-vious government. A new expert-panel formed on her orders, however, upheld the recommendation that C.F. Braun do the design work as agreed on the first pair of plants. But it was unable to decide who should design the second pair.

Armed with these findings, a

ecial cabinet committee named Mrs. Gandhi — and excluding the Indian minister for petroleum, chemicals and fertilizers dropped C.F. Braun altogether. It awarded the contract for the first two plants to Haldor Topsoc, a Danish subsidiary of Italy's SNAM-Progetti. A contract for the second two plants went to a U.K. subsidiary of Pollman Kellogg of

"This is unique in our experi-ence," said Jack Cornight, Braun's vice president for international sales. "This is the first time we have ever bid on exports of our technology, and proceeded to the point of contractual agreements,

and then had it reversed. Responding to accusations of scandal in the Indian press, the Gandhi government issued an explanation soon after its decision, citing what it called Braun's out-dated technology and lack of expe-tience in India. In addition, the government statement said, Braun recently had been purchased by a um company and therefore would not be concentrating its attention on the ammonia technology needed to design and operate the plants.

#### S. Korean Contracts Up

SEOUL - South Korea won \$8.1 billion worth of construction in the Mideast, Construction Ministry sources report. The country

#### **CURRENCY RATES**

Interbank exchange rates for January 6, 1981, excluding bank service charges

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(a) Commercial franc. (b) Amounts needed to buy one pound. (\*) Units of 188. (x) Units of 1,800.

### Ailing Talbot Straining Peugeot

By Don Cook

Les Angeles Times Service

PARIS — When Pengeot spent \$430 million two years ago to buy most of Chrysler's overseas operations, the French company suddenly became the

biggest automaker in Europe.
But as it turned out, Peugeot also acquired one
of the worst financial headaches in Europe. And Chrysler's old factories in Britain, France and Spain - now labeled Talbot - are sliding into an

mcertain future The financial drain caused by the nine Talbot plants, coupled with the slump in the French automobile industry, has resulted in Peugeot's first year in the red since World War II.

Pengeot's total loss for 1980 is estimated at \$330 million — about two-thirds of which went down the drain at Talbot. The Citroen division also was deeply in the red. Of the three divisions, only Pengeot itself made money.

In general, the industry shimp has been slower to hit France than any other country in Europe, partly because Japanese penetration of the market is still below 4 percent and because France has enjoyed a buoyant export market.

#### **Falling Demand**

But demand began to fall after the summer. In November, French car production was 28-percent below the year-ago level, while exports fell 30 per-cent. Overall for 1980, the French turned out about 10-percent fewer vehicles, below 3 million units against 3.22 million in 1979.

Talbot, which has 80,000 employees, is the weakest link in the Peugeot manufacturing chain and probably the most vulnerable in Europe. In France, Talbot registrations are down 30 percent, while in Britain Talbot is holding on to barely 6 percent of the market and is lurring as a result of the virtual collapse of its "assembly kit" opera-

When Pengeot purchased Chrysler's European operations, it knew it was getting too many plants producing too few cars, but it intended to turn things around by restructuring and integrating some elements. Now, however, it looks as if the slump may force the closure of some Talbot oper-

The British situation is the most critical, despite some fairly impressive figures in the last two years on improved productivity and the lowest overall wage settlements in the industry. Talbot in Britain has increased productivity 25 percent while cutting about 5,000 workers at five plants.

But the basic problem in Britain is illustrated

by Talbot's factory at Poissy, near Paris, which produces on one shift about the same number of cars that British Talbot produces in one week.

#### Decision on New Model

Against this background, Pengeot must decide early this year whether it will set aside an estimated \$85 million to bring a new, small, front-wheel-drive car into production in Britain, as it also launches a new model at its Spanish plant.

Meanwhile, some 30,000 workers at various Pengeot, Citroen and Talbot plants in France are still on a long Christmas layoff, and Pengeot is combing Talbot sales networks and dealer outlets to cut marketing overhead. This may mark the beginning of the end for the Talbot line. Meanwhile, the other big French car manufac-

turer, Renault, is stepping up pressure to obtain either governmental or Common Market restraints on Japanese imports. Japanese penetra-tion of the French market rose from only 2.9 percent in 1979 to 3.6 percent in 1980 - but it is up to 10 percent in West Germany and close to 20 percent in Britain.

Nevertheless, Renault has issued a veiled warning to the Belgians that it will find itself forced to cut its assembly-line operations there unless Japanese imports are curbed. Citroen already has closed its Belgian operations, and Ford is due to close an Antwerp assembly line in March. About half-a-dozen European and U.S. auto

anufacturers have plants in Belgium, with about 60,000 employees. But with the subcontracting that flows from auto production, it is reckoned that as much as 10 percent of the Belgian labor force is dependent on these outside companies.

#### Further Weakness Forecast

### Dollar Widens Decline to 199.60 Yen

By William Chapman Washington Post Service

TOKYO - The dollar fell through the 200-yen barrier Tuesday to hit its lowest mark in nearly two years amid predictions that it will drift even lower.

Only a large-scale dollar-buying by the Bank of Japan prevented a

United States as the immediate reason for the decline. They said that the basic strength of the Japanese economy and optimistic pre-dictions for business in 1981 abet-

The dollar closed at 199,60 year, down 1,80 year for the day and its lowest point since February, 1979.
It has fallen 60 yen since last
April's high of 260, a decline of
more than 20 percent.

#### 200-Yen Mark Watched The 200-yea mark was once re-

garded as a crucial psychological barrier, a danger point that the government and businessmen were reluctant to yield. Trading compa nies and manufacturers fear that if the yen appreciates too much Jap-anese products will lose their price exports to fall.

The 200-yen point has lost some of its significance in recent years, but the fear of breaking through it was strong enough to cause the central bank to intervene heavily. One trader estimated the bank bought between \$500 and \$600 million Monday and may have

bought nearly as much Tuesday. Some experts said that the yen's appreciation will have a deflationary effect and called on the govmment to take steps to lessen it. Toshio Komoto, director gener-

al of the Economic Planning Agen-cy, called for an easing of credit, suggesting that the central bank cut the official discount rate. He said the appreciation would have a serious impact on the business of trading companies.

[A senior adviser to the Industri-

al Bank of Japan, Takashi Hosomi said the yea's strengthening will probably lead to to an early cut in the Bank of Japan's discount rate from 71/2 percent, Renters reported. [Separately, Finance Minister Michio Watanabe told a news con-

ference that the appreciation has been too rapid and is undesirable, although it reflects strong interna-tional confidence in Japan's econo-my. He asserted that 200 yen to

the dollar was an appropriate level.
[Bank of Japan Governor Hurno Mackawa also expressed concern that the sharp rise of the yen would cause problems for Japa-nese industry. He told a news conference that the central bank had no intention of intervening at certain fixed levels, but had been act-

ing only to stop erratic swings.
Some dealers said that cuts in steeper plunge.

Analysts cited the slight lowering of the prime interest rate in the

#### Dollar Eases In Europe as Gold Advances

LONDON - The dollar eased on European foreign exchange markets Tuesday, although the closing rates showed small net gains over the low opening rates, dealers said. U.S. interest rate developments

remained the main factor in determining spot currency movements, although further cuts in the prime rate by U.S. banks had little lasting impact. The dollar tended to move with Eurodollar deposit rates, which opened easier, firmed in mid-morning, then drifted back down during the afternoon.

Trading was quiet after an ac-tive opening, with the large movements reflecting nervousness and uncertainty about the direction of U.S. interest rates, dealers said.
They said central banks may have intervened to smooth rates when

the dollar was falling.
The dollar closed at 1.9340 Deutsche marks after opening at 1,9290 DM and closing Monday at 1.9375 DML

The dollar closed at 1.7470 Swiss france after opening at 1.7505 and closing Monday at 1.7572 francs. Sterling closed at \$2.4235, off its opening \$2.4315 but above Monday's close of \$2.4158. Traders said the estimate of 0.5 percent growth in the U.K. money supply during December had no effect on the market.

Gold closed slightly firmer at \$600.50-\$602.50 an ounce on buying interest prompted by the fur-ther lowering of U.S. prime rates, dealers said. The metal opened at \$598-\$600 and both morning and afternoon fixes were set at \$599.25. By early afternoon it reached a high of \$601.50-\$603 in quiet trad-ing. the yen because U.S. interest rates also are declining.] David Bussmann, economic an-alyst for the Bank of America's

Tokyo office, said the speculative plunge this week was touched off by the slight decline in the prime rates by leading U.S. commercial banks. It caused short-term investors to get out of dollars and into An added factor, he said, was

the decision by many investors to avoid the Deutsche mark and Swiss franc, normally considered as solid as the yen, because of fear follow a Soviet invasion of Poland.

"More than they normally would,"
they are going into yea," he said.

Almost all financial experts here
predict a slow but continuing appreciation of the yea in the coming

The underlying strength of the

Japanese economy when compared to other countries is the reason most often cited. Forecasts by the government and several financia research houses estimate an economic growth this year of about 5 percent. Moreover, Japan's trade deficit is declining and the rate of inflation is modest compared to that in most Western industrial

Although expecting a gradual, continuing appreciation of the yea, experts here said they did not expect a sharp surge as steep as the one in October, 1978, when the Japanese currency climbed to 170 to the dollar.

#### Japanese Reserves Rise

TOKYO (Reuters) — Japan's reserves rose \$296 million last month to \$25.23 billion, the Finance Ministry said Tuesday.

The total was up from \$20,33
billion a year earlier, but down
from a record \$33.11 billion in January 1979.

#### Freeport Sets Merger

NEW YORK — Freeport Minerals and McMoran Oil & Gas have signed a definitive agreement to merge, into. Holders of Freeport will receive 1.795 shares of a newly formed company called Freeport-McMoran Inc. for each Freeport share. Holders of McMoran common will receive one share of the new company's stock for each

#### Dow Exceeds 1,000 In Heavy Trading few days of 1981 brought a hill in institutional buying. The market rallied again late in the session and

finished at its best level of the day.

John Smith of Fahnestock & Co.

said institutions are "buying blue chips for profit increases, not in 1981, but over the next two or three years." He said "if you look

at the yields and (price-carnings) multiples, the blue chips are still

fairly priced."
Mr. Smith said investors were

also encouraged by Senate testimo-

ny by Treasury Secretary-Desig-nate Donald Regan, who said he opposes wage and price controls. "I see no need for wage and price

controls at the moment — and short of war I don't see the need

for wage and price controls — period," he told the Senate Finance

Wall Street also is banking on President-elect Ronald Reagan to push programs that will combat an expected economy slowdown early

Separately, United Auto Work-ers President Douglas Fraser said Chrysler will go bankrupt if the

economy does not improve, regardless of what the government,

banks and workers do. Mr. Fraser

speaking in Washington after meeting with the Chrysler Loan

Guarantee Board, said the auto

maker "cannot survive in this eco-

nomic climate, no matter what we

Mr. Fraser said Chrysler should

ask the government for all the fed-

eral loan guarantees for which it is eligible. Chrysler has been granted \$800 million of the \$1.5 billion in

guarantees that Congress has au-

thorized, and the company is cur-

rently seeking another \$400 mil-

'Chemical Bank's move rein

forced investor bopes that rates

will continue to fall, despite a vola-

tile atmosphere.The Bank of

American said in its annual out-look report that the prime rate this

year will average about 14 percent Yields on Treasury bills fell at

Monday's weekly auction and the

Committee.

this year.

NEW YORK - Prices on the New York Stock Exchange rose sharply Tuesday, piercing the 1,000-point level in heavy trading generated by falling interest rates and heavy institutional demand

for blue chips.

The market opened on a strong note as Marine Midland Bank cut note as Marine Midland Bank cut its prime rate to 20 percent from 20½. Later, Chemical Bank cut its prime to 19½ percent from from 20½. No major bank followed Chemical's move, however.

The Dow Jones industrial average jumped 12.03 points to 1,004.69, its best close since Sept. 27, 1976. Volume expanded to 68 million shares from 58.71 milion Monday.

Monday.

The market hit a sinking spell about mid-afternoon as profit-tak-ing on the sharp gains of the first

### Price Index Up in U.K.

LONDON - Wholesale prices in Britain rose 0.25 percent in De-cember after a 0.4-percent gain in November and were 12.75 percent higher than a year earlier, accord-ing to provisional Industry De-

partment figures released Tuesday.

Manufacturers' raw-material
and fuel costs rose 1.2 percent after a 0.9-percent gain in November and were 9.75 percent higher than

The wholesale price index, base 1975, was provisionally set at 206.6, compared with an unchanged 206.1 in November and 183.4 in December, 1979, the department said. The index of manufacturing material and fuel costs, same base, was provisionally set at 205.7, compared with an upward-revised 203.3 in November and 187.5 in December, 1979.

The rise in manufacturers' costs on a year-on-year basis was the first since March, and mainly due to the dollar's rise against sterling on the foreign exchanges. But wholesale price inflation continued to ease, the department said. In the six months to December,

the wholesale price index rose only 2.75 percent, compared with a 3.5-percent rise in the same period to November, the department said. Wholesale prices of non-food pared from the previous month, but wholesale food prices rose 0.8 The increase in non-food manu-

sterling price for crude oil as the pound fell against the dollar. But prices for other non-food materials fell around 0.25 percent from the previous month.

facturing costs was due to a higher

#### Belgian Jobless Rate Up The Associated Press BRUSSELS — The numbers of

jobless workers in Belgium set a post-war record on Dec. 31, totaling 377,081 or 9.1 percent of the working population, the Labor Ministry reported Tuesday. The 12-month increase was 62,514, or 20 percent. This was the third successive month the jobless record

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### FOR READERS WHOSE LIVES

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International Herald Tribune We've got news for you.

### Firms Sue to Balk Carter on Iran Sued Bank

By Stuart Taylor Jr. New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — More than 30 of the companies that have tied up billions of dollars worth of frozen Iranian assets in lawsuits filed court papers Monday in New York opposing the Carter administra-tion's efforts to suspend the suits while it seeks to free the hostages.

The claimants urged the U.S. Court of Appeals not to "comprocourt of Appeals not to commo-mise constitutional rights of pri-vate litigants" on the "speculative and unsubstantiated ground" that further legal proceedings could prejudice the hostage negotiations.

Listed in the papers are banks, construction companies and other businesses that have sued Iran for allegedly unpaid debts, broken contracts and other matters.

The latest round in the claimants' dispute with the administration comes at a time when the government is seeking an agreen with Iran that would involve cancelation of the suits and return of frozen assets to Iran in exchange for release of the 52 hos-

than 10 other companies, filed pa-pers in the appeals court saying they had no objection to the government's request for temporary suspension of the litigation.

Lawyers representing Iran filed papers Friday saying they took no

Iran has not accepted President Carter's proposals for resolving the hostage issue, and Mr. Carter has not yet taken any steps toward millifying the suits or the court or-ders that encumber the assets.

But the papers filed Monday by First National Bank of Chicago and some of the other claimants questioned the president's consti-mtional power even to take the less drastic step of ordering suspension of the litigation.

"The executive does not have the power effectively to close the courtroom doors" to those with countroom doors to mose with judge ruled that private corporations and Iran's agreement to submit the claims to international arbitration.

Another group of claimants, comprising Citibank and more

countroom doors to mose with judge ruled that private corporations which invested in Iran's economic development will not be ministration had been asking compelled to pay what amounts to a private ransom for the American more than a year, they argued that

#### Claimants Fight it had "failed to demonstrate that the continuation of the litigation Settles for Suit Suspensions the resolution of the crisis or the current negotiations."

The court papers replied to a government petition last month asking the appeals court to order a stay of 60 days for further proceedings in 96 pending suits.

"Any unintended signals that may be viewed in Iran as repre-senting the attitude of the United States toward Iran create a serious risk for the president's efforts to free the hostages and protect other U.S. interests," Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher said in a Dec. 10 statement attached to the government's petition.

Federal appeals courts in the District of Columbia and in Boston have granted government requests for temporary stays in some of the more than 300 lawsuits against Iran, but some district courts have rejected such requests.

In one such ruling last month, a judge ruled that "private corpora-tions which invested in Iran's eco-

#### Kennecott Takeover Bid Seen Ill-Advised

STAMFORD, Conn. — Kennecott Corp., from a look at its balance sheet, has chosen a poor time to undertake the complicated and costly attempt to acquire a major block of Curtiss-Wright.

Falling copper prices, a costly strike by miners in the third quarter and poor performance by Carborundum Co., acquired for \$571 million in 1977, are expected to reduce earnings per share for 1980 by as much as 75 percent from the 1979 level of \$3.93, analysts estimate. The battle for Curtiss-Wright, which Kennecott is waging to gain control of its own shares held by Curtiss, is likely to trim its earnings further.

Behind all the legal maneuver-

ing Kennecott remains what it has been for years, the country's largest copper producer, plagued by high costs and frustrated by a failure to diversify successfully.

In 1979, Kennecott's immes yielded 388,000 tons of copper, worth \$1.1 billion, one-quarter of all domestic production, and, as by-products, gold, silver and mobdenum that sold for \$197 million more, accounting for just over half of total revenues. Reflecting strong metals prices, operating earnings from its mining unit soared to \$163.9 million from a small loss the year before.

While its tender offer is pending company officials are unavail-able for interviews, but analysts suggest what lies behind such huge swings in performance.

"Among the major producers, I'd place it as the highest-cost producer," said Howard Nichol of Advest Inc. in Hartford. When prices rise to the level of

\$1 a pound, as they did in late

facilities exacts a heavy toll.

Without credits for its by-prod-

ucts. Kennecott's break-even price for copper would be in the neigh-boshood of \$1.20 per pound," said George Cleaver, metals analyst at Merrill Lynch, Because its properties are relatively rich in gold, silver and molybdemum, the break-even price is actually closer to 95 cents a pound, he said, still above the current market price. Sales of the by-products "have been the lifesaver for Kennecott," he said.

But they are not a very depend-able lifesaver. Molybdenum reve-nues, \$145.5 million in 1979, fell sharply in 1980 and may amount to only \$70 million in 1981, Mr. Cleaver estimated, and the price outlook is "very bad" as new discoveries reach the market in the next few years, he said.

It was to get away from the sharp turns in the metals markets and the world glut of copper that developed in the mid-1970's that Kennecott bought Carborundum. That Kennecott needed to diversi-fy seems clear, but the acquisition was controversial and it provoked a 1978 proxy fight with Roland Berner, chairman of Curtiss-Wright Mr. Berner won seats on Kennecott's board - for himself and three others among his sup-porters — as a result Mr. Berner and his allies make up four of Kennecott's 18 directors.

"They paid much too high a price for Carbonundum," Mr. Cleaver said. "Its earnings peaked a couple of years before the business cycle, in the year they were bought by Kennecott." Indeed, during 1979, Carborundum sales rose 16 percent, to \$847 million. but operating income remained al-1979. Kennecott makes lots of most flat, rising only 0.1 percent, money on its huge output. But in to \$66.6 million. During 1980,

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

pressed housing and auto sales also hit Carborundum's results. In response, Thomas Barrow, Kennecott's chairman since De-

cember 1978, who was hared away from Exxon as part of a peace agreement with Mr. Berner, has been disposing of marginal assets.

Most of the operations sold or closed have come from Carborun-dum's portfolio. Kennecott also sold the metals distribution business of its Chase Brass & Copper subsidiary, and its low-margin airpollution control line was phased

While this process continues, Kennecott seems to be paying more attention to its mining opera-tions. In his message to sharehold-ers in the 1979 annual report, Mr. Barrow proposed a five-year capi-tal spending program of \$1.7 bil-lion, with a third of the total aimed at cost savings.

#### Miterbiehi Venture

To share the \$350 million investment, the company has negotiated a joint venture with a subsidiary of Mitsubishi Corp. If the deal is closed as scheduled on March 2, the Japanese company will gain ac-cess to copper while Kennecott eases its financing burden.

The risk is that copper prices may not recover sufficiently to pay for the needed work. "They have such a lag here in replacing outdat-ed facilities that they're not going to turn themselves into a compe tive producer very quickly," Mr. Nichol said.

All these plans may be further complicated by the outcome of Kennecott's pursuit of Cortiss-Wright or the Kennecott shares under Mr. Berner's control.

Kennecott has limited financial resources, Mr. Cleaver said. Total debt equaled 44 percent of equity

## \$11 Million

First Penn Faces Inquiry by SEC

By Brendan Jones
New York Times Service NEW YORK - First Pennsylvania Corp. announced Monday that it had agreed to pay \$11.2 million in settlement of shareholder suits. including 17 class actions, brought in opposition to terms of a rescue plan for its financially troubled

banking subsidiary. First Penn — the largest bank-ing corporation in Philadelphia and the 23d-largest in the United States — said it had agreed to pay a maximum \$325,000 for the cost of administering the settlement.

In separate developments, the corporation announced that the Securities and Exchange Commission had begun an investigation into its finances, and Chairman George Butler said he expected fourth-quarter operating losses of \$46 million.

A company spokesman, Bruce Crawley, said the SEC investiga-tion would look into possible stock trading based on inside information, as well as into First Pennsylvania's disclosures since January, 1976, its record-keeping and its in ternal accounting controls.

The suits were brought against the corporation, its subsidiary, First Pennsylvania Bank, some present and former officers and directors, and the corporation's outside accommants and underwriters. The plaintiffs included individuals who had bought First Penn shares from 1974 to early 1980.

class actions filed in 1976. Others were filed after the announcement last April of a \$1.5-billion rescue operation, led by the Federal De-posit Insurance Corp., designed to keep the \$9-billion banking organization from possible failure. The plan included a \$500-million loan from the FDIC and a syndicate of 26 banks, and a short-term credit line of \$1 billion from the banks.

Shareholders were told that the plan would dilute the present ownership by more than half and rule out payment of dividends for the next five years without specific approval of the FDIC.

Mr. Crawley said the corporation admitted no guilt in connec-tion with the suits. He said the settlement was an effort "to remove an element of uncertainty in the affairs of the corporation, save the expense of prolonged litigation, and free management from the dis-traction and time required by a protracted defense."

### Dividends January 6, 1780 HCREASED Per, Asset Pay, asset Pay, asset Q 94 2-34 3-1 18km Q 22 2-15 47 2-1 ure Q 56k 1-30 STOCKSPLIT

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**Toronto Stocks** Closing Prices, January 5, 1981

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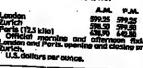
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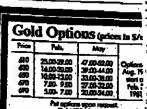
Montreal Stock Closing Prices, January 5.



Canadian Index

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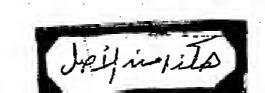
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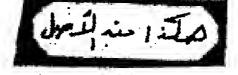
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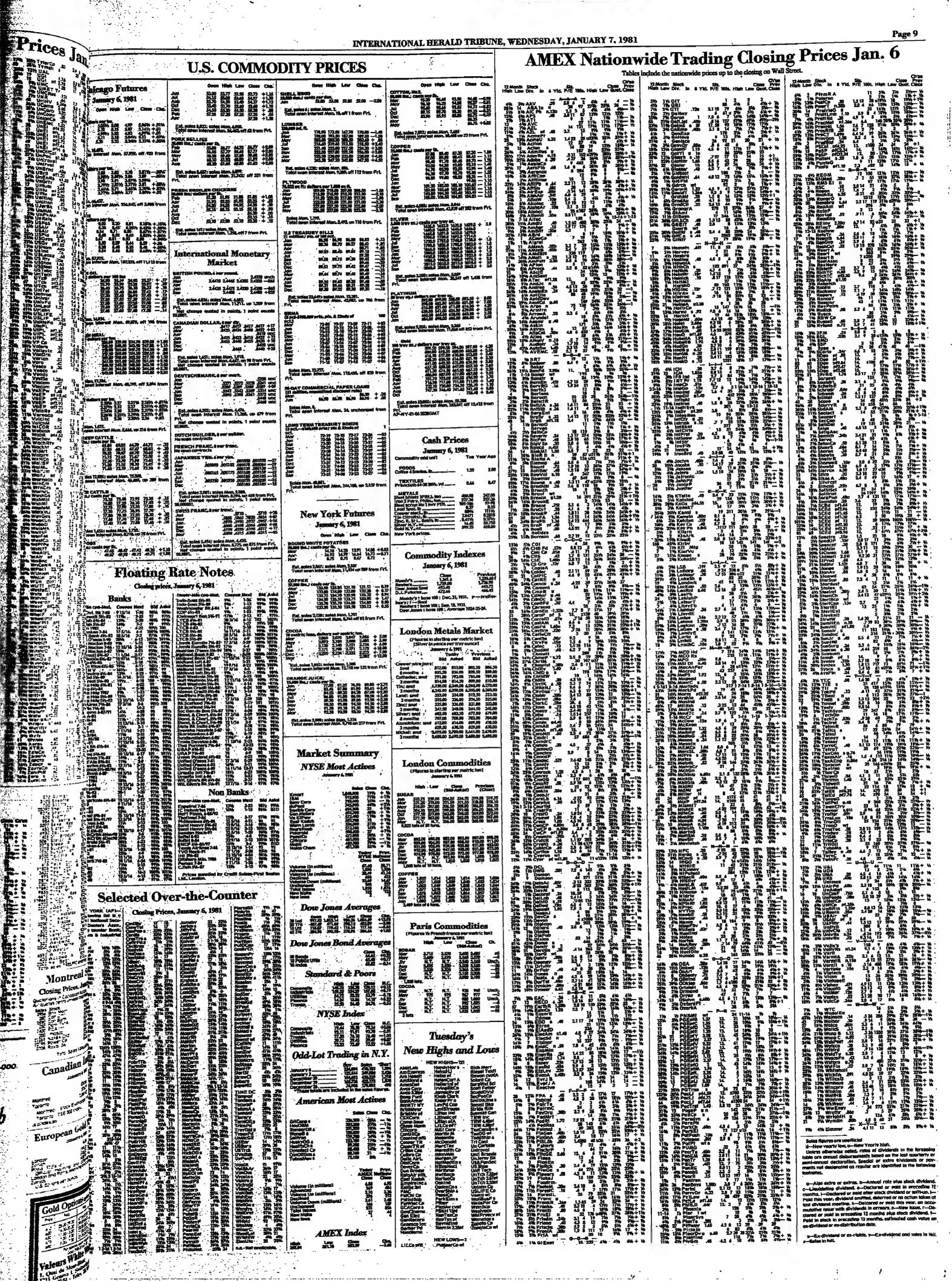


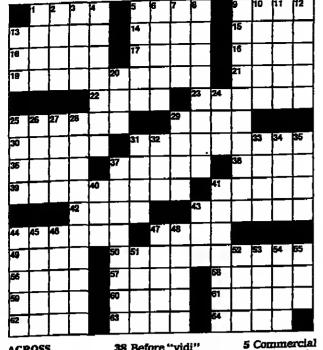
- TORRALTA

Av. Duque de Loulé, 24 1098 LISBOA CODEX - PORTUGAL. Tel.: 54479 - 553827; Telex: 16465.









- ACROSS Hindu god of
- fire 5 ---- Alto
- 9 Jerome Hines, e.g. 13 Go by side
- wheeler 14 Arab father
- 15 Ornament for Galahad's headgear
- 16 Anchor position 17 Cause for civil action
- 18 Have on surprised 21 Word with
- 22 Sojourn
- 23 Tragedy by Voltaire 25 Taste 29 Word with

**37** Fancies

house or block 39 Out of order 31 Greatly delighted 36 Expense

- 38 Before "vidi" 39 Greatly surprised 41 Heraldic furs 42 Scolds
- 43 O'Connor's Last -44 Escort
- 47 Sale condition 49 Casks 50 Greatly surprised 56 Sumptuous
- 57 Rent 58 TV tryout 50 Salt tree 60 Haupt or Bagnold 61 Intarsist's
- creation 62 Devil's trumpet, e.g. 63 Rivers in Scotland and England
- 64 Close DOWN 1 Aleutian island 2 Origin
- 34 City mcknamed 4 Taxes
  - 37 Swallowed 40 Former Arab org. 41 Map marker 43 — jacet 44 Leghorn, e.g.

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12 Kind of blue

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"Belvedere of

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25 S.A. rodent

26 O.T. book

28 Greatly

29 Interpret 31 Chances

32 Kind of

33 Class-ring

Sicily'

35 Entree

45 Altogether 46 Claudius, to Hamlet 47 Where a kite may alight 48 Dispatches 51 Corn bread 52 Kind of

#### drawing 53 Miss Cinders 54 Glide 55 Shoat's home

#### WEATHER MANILA MEXICO CITY MIAMI MILAN MONTREAL AUCKLANK BEIRUT MOSCOW MUNICH NASSAU 0 32 Foli 2 38 Foli 17 63 340mmy 9 48 Foli 3 37 Foli -14 3 Snow -11 12 Cloudy 5 41 Foli -2 27 Snow -2 28 Snow -2 28 Snow -2 28 Snow -2 28 Snow -2 4 Foli -2 48 Cloudy 14 61 Foli -4 37 Foli 14 64 Cloudy 14 57 Cloudy 14 57 Cloudy 14 54 Foli 1 34 Snow -1 34 Overca -1 34 Cloudy -1 4 57 Cloudy -1 4 57 Cloudy -1 4 57 Cloudy -1 34 Snow BUDAPEST BUENOS AIRES CAIRO CASABLANCA CHICAGO COSTA DEL SOL DUBLIN HELSINKI H.C. MINH CITY HONG KON

### RADIO NEWSCASTS\_

#### BBC WORLD SERVICE

East Africa : 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wove. 25,650, 21,440, 17,865, 15,420, 12,075, 11,820, 9,560, 7,129 and 4,000 KHz in Itse 1 1, 13, 14, 19, 24, 25, 31, 42 and 49 meter bands.

North and North West Africa; 25,650, 21,470, 15,070, 11,750, 9,410, 7,130 and 5,975 KHz in the 11, 13, 19, 28, 31, 42 and 50 meter bands. Seethern Africs: 25,650, 21,640, 17,860, 15,600, 11,820, 9,410, 7,165 and 6,005 KHz in the 11, 12, 14, 19, 25, 31, 41 and 49 maler bands. Middle East: 1323KHz and 227M Medium Wave. 25,450, 21,710, 17,770, 15,310, 11,760, 9,410, 7,140, 6,120 and 3,940 KHz in the 11, 13, 16, 19, 25, 31, 42, 45 and 75 meter bands.

Southern Asia: 1413KHz and 212M Medium Wave. 25.650. 21,550, 17,770, 15,310, 11,750. 9,600. 7,180 and 4,195 KHz in the 11,13,14,19,25,31,41 and 48 meter bands. East and Seath East Asia: 23,460, 17,790, 15,310, 11,845, 9,578, 4,195 and 3,915 KHz in the 11, 14, 19, 25, 31, 48 and 75 meter bands. Also for Singapore only: 88,900 KHz VHF.

#### **VOICE OF AMERICA**

The Voice of America broadcasts world news in English on the hour and at 26 minutes after the hour during varying periods to different regions.

erk Nuroee: KHz 15.243, 7.225, 6.060, 5.855, 3.880, 1,197, 792, 11,746, 9,746, 1,256 in the 19.7, 41.1, 49.5, 75.7, 251 (medium wave), 279 (medium wave), 25.5, 30.7 and 222 (medium wave) meter bonds. Middle Gost: KHz 15,265, 11,915, 9,760, 7,268, 6,040, 1,260 in the 79,7,25.2, 30.7, 41.7, 49,7,238 meter bonds. East Asia and Pacific: KHz 17,220, 17,740, 15,290, 11,740, 9,770, 26,000, 4,110 and 1,575 on the 14, 14,9, 19,4, 25,5, 30,7, 11,5,49,2, 190 mater bands. South Asia; KHz 21,540, 17,740, 15,205, 11,915, 9,760, 7,105 on the 13.9, 16.9, 19.7, 25.2, 30.7 and 42.7 meter bands.

Airion: KHz 24,040, 21,440, 17,470, 15,330, 11,915, 9,740 7,380, 4,125, 5,975, 3,970 on the 11,5, 13,9, 14,5, 19,4, 25,2, 30,8, 41,2, 47,50, 75,2 meter bonds.

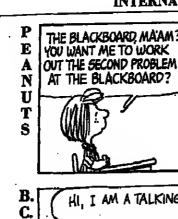
#### Russia Designs Buildings to Sway From Cables During Earthquakes

MOSCOW - Soviet scientists have found a new way to keep buildings from being shaken by earthquakes - hanging them in the air from steel

Tass said architects in Tashkeat, an earthquake-prone region in Soviet Central Asia, are already putting up a 14-story skyscraper that "will be suspended from reinforced concrete tower pylons, 150 feet high, which can withstand any jolt."

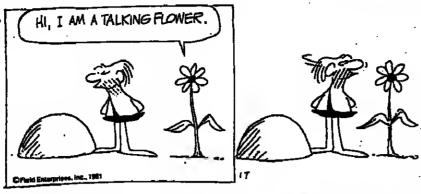
Tass said "in case of the strongest earthquake, the jolt will be absorbed by the pylons and the cable-suspended house will only sway."

The new type of construction is cheaper than traditional earthquake-resistant designs. Tass said, and "a flower garden and a parking lot can be laid out" around the pylons and beneath and building. It did not say how high above the ground the building would be hung.











SARGE

REALLY

REPAIR!

NEEDS

THIS OLD

BARRACKS

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TRUE-BUT BEFORE

YOU CAN'T FOOLME,

I SAW YOUR LIPS MOVE!





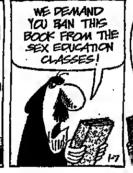


















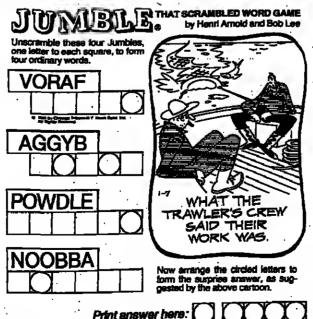












Print answer here: (Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: EVOKE SNOWY AVENGE STOLEN Answer: Huw does one choose a suitable perfume?— THE NOSE KNOWS

Imprime par P.I.O. - I, Boulevard Ney 75018 Paris

#### DENNIS THE MENACE



"HOW MUCH YOU THINK THIS BOTTLE O'... ROOT BEER COST WHEN I WAS YOUR AGE?"

#### BOOKS.

AFTER THE WAKE

An Emay on the Contemporary Avant-Gan By Christopher Butler. Oxford University Press : Illustrated, 177 pp. \$24. Reviewed by Anatole Broyard

TRADITIONAL agreement A is being broken between artist and audience, according to Christopher Butler in "After the Wake." An intimacy is being de-nied, a satisfaction withheld. At the same time, a promise is being extended: Whether you like it or not, the artist is saying, you're being offered a new experience. In order to receive this experience, you will have to revise your expectations, overhaul your perceptual habits, perhaps even your nervous

You may have to learn, the artist warns, to forge an aesthetic out of frustration. If you can't tolerate frustration, you may be able to re-lax into an aesthetic of passivity. of non-selective sensing. First, however, you'll have to put yourself in our hands, you'll have to be-lieve us even when you can't understand us.

#### 'A Marathon of Deletions'

Artists no longer want to swal-low the world, like Kurtz with his gaping mouth in Conrad's "Heart of Darkness." Now they are obsessed, according to Butler, with reducing and eliminating it in what Harold Rosenberg called "a marathon of deletions." John Cage plans to prevent us from ever taking Beethoven seriously again. Sammel Beckett is appeased by "the poignancy of the human ef-fort to resolve uncertainty by imposing an interpretation."

Butler is concerned with post-

Modernist artists, those achieved recognition after 1945. This group is dominated, he says, by didacticism. They have discovered that "the arts can be made to evolve by a willful pedagogical in-tervention." While this may not always be convenient for the public. it seems to offer a golden opportunity to the critic, who can indulge his liberal and pacific in-stricts by interposing himself be-tween the embattled artist and his bewildered audience. Butler reminds us that "there is no longer a closed society, or a common language for that society, which can prompt a conservative resistance to experimental art." Some of us are already developing a sentimen-tal nostalgia for Abstract Expressionism, existentialist drama and the dissonances of Stravinsky and

Schoenberg.

The artist's latest quest is the phenomenological investigation of his own processes. Painting is being rescued from domestication and mimesis. Music is shaking loose from thematic development and "implicative harmonic relationships." The public is learning to adapt itself to the tensions of blocked inference.

Alain Robbe-Grillet, the hero of the nouveau roman, announces that "the adventure in my novels can be the adventure of writing." A painter suggests that beauty will be found in "the erection of pure structures." Such structures constitute "a mental hygiene," a revelation through "absences." Music will be a "catalog of sonorities."

In a prophetic story by Jorge Luis Borges, Butler warns, "an imagined literature comes to usurp the known universe." The post-Modernist text "is designed to test and indeed break previously accepted codes of communication." The tragic sense of life that used to inform serious literature has been renounced in favor of the "revolutionary pantomime" of "aesthetic subversion."

How does the public feel about all of this? "Indeed," Butler re-

ports, "we rather like the caused in us by avant-gard seems to be an entertaining both of social criticism, consequence, of a rather i gratulatory sense of our soc dom."

Butler can explain the ir ble, describe the indescrib: is one of those rare peo Whitney Balliett in jazz. render music in words, an ings too - so accurately. that you not only see or but experience it as well he has a world of ter spread out before him. I polemical beyond subtle tions of his irony. His ow ences he seems to displ Susan Sontag when he qu of her remarks: "The re the intellect upon art," rather surprising plea place of a hermeneutics

"After the Wake" is one books in which one mupon his shoulders all th absurdities, pretensions cesses of contemporary carries them to epiple know nothing about Ch Butler except that he is English Literature and st Christ Church, Oxford indeed.

Anatole Broyard is on th The New York Times :

### **Best Selle**

The New York Times This list is based on reports from ,400 bookstores throughout sie t Weeks on list are not necessarily of

THE COVENANT, by Inc. Michenet
THE KEY TO REBECCA, I
Ken Folkett
FIRESTARTER, by Stopp

LOON LAKE, by E.L. Dog UNFINISHED TALES, 

ANSWER AS A MAN, Taylor Caldwell Taylor Caldwell
THE FIFTH HORSEMA
by Larry Collins and Dor

COME POUR THE WINE Cynthia Freeman RAGE OF ANGELS, by S

RAGE OF ANGELS, by S
ney Sheldon
THE ORIGIN, by Irving So;
THE HIDDEN TARGET,
Helen MacInnes
THE TENTH COMMAN
MENT, by Lawrence Sander
MANCHU, by Robert Bega
THE CLAN OF THE CA
BEAR, by Jean Anel

NONFICTION

COSMOS, by Carl Sagra.
CRISIS INVESTING.
Douglas Casey.
SIDE EFFECTS, by Wox
Allen.
PETER THE GREAT.
Robert Mussie.

PETER THE GREAT,
Robert Massie.
THE SKY'S THE LIMIT,
Wayae Dyer.
GOODBYE, DARKNESS,
WIlliam Manchester
THE COMING CURREN
COLLAPSE, by Jerome Smi
AMERICAN DREAMS,
Studt Terkel.

INGRID BERGMAN: A STORY, by Ingrid Bergm and Alan Burgess.

FREE TO CHOOSE, by A loss and Rose Friedman.
BETTY CROCKER'S I TERNATIONAL COO BOOK.

CRAIG CLAIBORNI DIET GOURMET COO BOOK, by Craig Claibor with Figure Francy.

A FIELD GUIDE TO THE BIRDS, by Reger Tory Peter Soon. 12

SWANSON ON SWANSOR

#### **BRIDGE**

THE amount of mental effort cashed the heart queen, ca intuitive type who makes his decisions quickly. He relies heavily on his vast experience, expecting technique and judgment to carry him through. The intuitive expert tends to have a long career.

At the other extreme is the calculating expert who takes a great deal of time at the table, often more than his share. He analyzes the consequences of a variety of options in the play, even when he thinks he knows which one he will adopt. Every now and again his depth of analysis uncovers an un-likely looking play that the intui-tive expert would probably miss.

Consider, for example, the di-agramed deal. If you fancy your-self as a calculating player, cover the East-West hands and plan your play in five diamonds after the lead of the club king. North-South's Precision bidding

methods have some highly sophis-ticated elements. Two clubs showed a limited opening based on a long club suit. South's first two diamond bids were both conventional requests for more information, and the responses showed, first, a minimum hand with no major suit and, second, a stopper in diamonds. South bid diamonds. this time naturally, and North raised to game.

Five diamonds is certainly the

best contract for North-South. The opening lead was the club king, and South won with the ace in duminy. The intuitive play is to cash the heart queen, enter the closed hand with a trump lead and play hearts for spade discards. On a good day the hearts would break evenly and South would emerge

with 12 tricks. But South, using his formidable analytical powers, paused to consider what would happen if the hearts were split badly. He saw that his game would be in jeopardy if either defender were able to ruff the third round of hearts. He

hand with a trump lead. stead of leading heart wi spade discards, he led a s., was willing to concede to

By Alan 7

The defenders tried to; spade raff by returning but South was ready. He his hand, threw dummy's ing spade on the heart niffed a spade with dum. trumo. It was then an eas to ruff a club, draw the la: and win 11 tricks. If the defense had v

spade lead and returned a ... spade would again have b carded from the dummy, had followed the obvious c trying for spade discard, would have ruffed the thirof hearts and dummy wou overruffed. Then it would late to lead a spade, for the could win and lead either or a trump.
Two other points sho

noted. Leading a spade from my at the third trick woul succeeded as the cards could leave problems if the were massed in one hand cashing the second heart before leading a spade wou be slightly risky.

NORTH (D) **♦Q5** 7Q **♦K76 ♣**AJ108764 EAST →KJ4 ▽10854 **♦**A9862. ⊽96 98532 . 4932 . SOUTH **41073** 

OAQJ109 Both sides were vulnerable, T

Pass Pass Pass Pass

Enn made an error in Tuesday

second heat that forced him off the

In the cup giant slalom division, Stenmark leads with 50 points, 17

ahead of Austrian Christian Or-

lainsky, who finished 10th Tues-

Olant Sialom 1. Ingernor Stenmark, Sweden, 3:04.26. 2. Joel Gaspaz, Switzerland, 3:86.77.

4. Phil Mothe, U.S.A., 207.7.
5. Bruno Neckler, I havy, 207.7.
6. Androna Wessel, Liechtenstein, 3:
7, Pirmin Zurbringen, Switzerland, 3
8. Leanhard Stock, Austria, 3:79.
7. Jacques Luethy, Switzerland, 3:08.
10. Christian Orialnsky, Austria, 3:08.

World Cup Stending

4 Phil Mohre, U.S.A., 3:07.07. 5 Brune Neckler, Hely, 3:07.2

## The Soccer Scene

# Butler. Oxford United 177 pp. 534 Ontevideo: Bad Vibes Manatraled 177 pp. 534 Ontevideo: Bad Vibes Anatole Bron Ontevideo: Bad Vibes 44th anniversary, you understand

MATTER THE WAKE

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gratulator, sole ng hat we read and what we read and what we Butler can be box, stailing fist and ole, describe the seper impact than artisting the day of the "celebrate" half a Whitney half a World Cup sporting intender music at honest and admit that

that you not prious from the six-nation but expenses in Montevideo are

that you not a honest and admit that that you not a special and a montevideo are he has a way's second-hand. Let's respread our beta selves that we were cynipolemical being it to projudge the tournations of his magniturity pretentions. a ences he can example of sport in the Susan Sonial entrepreneurs who squat of her remain on an already saturated the intellect manager and the intellect manager and the safford an erotics of a line now transmitted from After the Way come via those who books in what it our absence. The Sunupon his should be and The Daily Mail, absurdities, prewere justified to some excesses of the way justified to some excesses of the way in the Health newspapers reprecesses of the way in the Health newspapers from continuity of the Health who, too basy Butler occupies. Chirist Church Headinest X-Rated indeed

Christ Church deadlines: X-Rated

development of English hey implied, will be stront-The New York yeague and cup program to e ball. Now, with the Mun-Best hameful brawls, their mes-The impetes in X-rated headlines The e anniversary of the interthe Yorkshire Ripper.

Nath the headlines were the ssions of Italy's unseemly ssons of rany's unseemy with Uruguay Saurday—

Minima the players were or
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This are mad the ferocious after
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is is world toologu.

Assume the most important of the light to the li is is world football," Ro-

ell is the only and young to be with the who was ultiinvited to report to the FA on a tournament come 1) The Don (2 worth attending. English senior coaches con-

disillusionment contrasts the Italian manager, for. dismisses the thinggery of Caption Cabrihad to protect themselves.

mpossible to play [soccer]

Uruguayans in their own with a Spanish referee." Surprise, Surprise

Il surprise you to learn that If surprise you to learn that the Italian media support ranager, while the Spanish intolerably bad behavior. rom a referee altogether too rom a referee altogether t of early, brutal fouls.

the international rulers, imposed a one-match ban offending players. Their imposed a one-match ban as always been that it is not erce who commits fouls. y are, however, impotent in ming up any response to the nd Brazilian on the soccer The pair bad literally fought horrific 1978 World Cup

> Transactions BASEBALL"

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State State State Monet Davis, forward, to a
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POOTBALL
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15 Special College Col it the deletter

draw, and on Sunday tied again, although this time the violence spilled over beyond the final whistle. Indeed, some reports suggest it began then.

What was seen during the 90of thrilling South America touch-play combined with bile and a Dutch plunge, with sparse aclimat-ization, from frost to heatwave

Diego Maradona, the 20-yearold Argentine prodigy being preened for \$10-million auction to Spain or Italy, was inevitably abused by Brazil's Paolo Isidora and. That, at least, was kept within the bounds of Latin "sporting" ex-

Corridors of Power

Alberto Tarantini, the Argentine fullback, was meanwhile seen in hot pursuit of a Brazilian radio commentator who had called him a son of a bitch. Down dark corri-dors the chase continued until, near a crowd of journalists awaiting the post-mortem from the managers, the punches laid out the

Alas, it comes as nothing new. Tarantini once similarly assailed an abusive spectator in England, while the Brazilian press corps are well-known parasitical invaders of play and players alike.

Anything, Writ Large

Doubtless the all-important ponsors now being allowed to manipulate soccer as they have tennis don't give a hoot what beadlines emerge, as long as they are large.

Anyway, while the tournament oves mexorably toward an all-South American final, the entrepreneurs already are selling the next Mundialito - to celebrate the

NEW YORK - A night's sleep,

a few drops of Visine in red and

swollen eyes, and television's un-

seen millions emerge from the col-

lege football season practically as good as new. New Year's Day is

always The Longest Day for them and, praise be, the last one de-manding undivided attention.

First First

West Shrine game and the Hula

Bowl, but these are all-star exhibi-

tions. Intercollegiate competition,

meaning one college against anoth-

Bowl Friday: For the first time

since man came down out of the

trees and began kicking around the

skull of an obsolete neighbor, it

ended with Georgia oe top of the

vince Dooley's young scholars may or may oot be the best foot-ball players in academe, but they

are the only ones in the top rank who won 12 times in 12 starts.

That entitles them to Ne. I rank-

ing. If they were lucky to get where they are, well, it takes a good team

Right to the End

end. In the Sugar Bowl, Notre Dame scored 10 points, gave away 14 and lost, 17-10. Dooley's opera-

tives scored the first 3 points on

merit, then got a first down a yard

from a touchdown by recovering their kickoff while Notre Dame's

designated receivers stood still and

regarded the bouncing ball with

Herschel Walker officially ac-

cepted that gift for Georgia, and, after a Notre Dame fumble on the

Notre Dame 22-yard line, he scored the second touchdown.

From then on, Notre Dame did a

solo act in the Louisiana Super-dome. Virtually all the yards gained were gained by Notre Dame. All but one of the passes

completed were by Notre Dame. In the entire game, Georgia con-

oected with one pass for 7 yards.

If there are those who attach sig-nificance to Notre Dame's big ad-

vantage in the statistics, they should know that this argument

Yet the final score was 17-10.

Georgia's luck held out to the

and a lucky one to win them all.

college, ended with the Peach

Still to be played are the East-

—possibly in Italy.

Meanwhile, what do we learn from Uruguay? We are reminded that, as the World Cup pattern has shown. South America is for the South Americans - especially leamperatures. Compounding that, the Germans and Italians arrived two or three key men short because of the intransigence of clebs oot willing to release them.

So either Argentina or Brazil will meet host Uruguay in Satur-day's final. And the Europeans? They pack up their consolation s, shrug off a meaningles South American winter break and return to paymasters desperately hoping any scars are not lasting. The Real Thing

After all, their clubs need them for domestic combat and their nations for the World Cup - the real thing. And, for that matter, no resuit in Montevideo's contrived bittle tournament will be a measure for the fact that China, victors over Japan, Macao, Hong Kong and North Korea, is now halfway toward qualifying for the 1982 World Cup.

Imagine it: the most densely populated nation on earth, so recently admitted to the one true international tournament, scrapping for a place in the finals in Spa Coached by George Knobel, a

native of that expiring soccer power, the Netherlands, China has won its group and now awaits op-ponents from Arabia and Oceania with a realistic chance of progress. And there were no reports of brawls in Hong Kong during the

**Red Smith** 

Warner, whose Stanford team had

lost in the Rose Bowl to Notre

must, therefore, be the better team.

C. Raymond Grebey, the major

sion plan included last May in pension plan included last May in the basic agreement between club owners and players. Its purpose is

to impress press and public with

the spontaneous generosity of the employers and the blissful advan-

Q&A

cffect all last season and will con-tinue through March 31, 1984, why should it be singled out for special

attentioe just now? Because the

two sides have resumed bargaining

on the issue of compensation for

teams that lose free agents; the

owners, expecting sticky going, are

son, resolution of the compensa-tion question was postponed for a

year when the basic agreement was

signed. A joint study committee

representing owners and players has been striving for a preliminary settlement as a basis for new nego-

tiations, and at last report had not

There is some evidence that the

owners are on the side of the an-

gels. Reading details of the pen-

be expected to feel that if the own-

ers are as unselfish as they seem in

this area, there must be something

to be said for their position on

Making no mention of forth-coming debates, the report begins with Grebey's statement that "the

26 major league clubs are contrib-uting \$15.5 million of their own

money" into the pension fund each year. "The clubs," Grebey adds, "completely fund the benefits; the

sion plan, some fans, at least, can

To avert a player strike last sea-

eager for public support.

made great headway.

reimbursement.

Considering that the plan was in

tages accruing to the players.

leagues' labor negotiator, has fre-

quently spoken against using the press in disputes with the players'

Dame, 47-10, argued that Stanford own money' comes from gate rehad made 17 first downs to 7, and ceipts and TV revenue generated

"Next summer," said Knote all collected by the clubs, and what is returned to the pension fund could be described as the actors' League permant on men left on share of the income they help cre-

union, but his office recently is- for each clob's annual share," the

sued a three-page release describ- report continues, "an amount



World Cup coaches and officials struggle against high winds and heavy snowfalls Tuesday in Pfronten, West Germany. The foul weather forced the cancellation of a women's downhill race for the second straight day. Skiers who tried the course said visibility was so poor it would have been dangerous to hold a race or even a timed practice run. Organizers have penciled in an extra racing day Thursday to try to cram in two scheduled downhills.

win a men's World Cup giant slalom ski race here Tuesday.
The Swede was timed in 1 minute, 33.05 seconds in the first run

and 1:33.21 in the second for a 3:06.26 total. Joel Gaspoz of Switzerland, who won the first beat in 1:32.14,

clocked 1:34.63 the second time

for a the day's second-best time of Third was Yugoslav Bojan Krizaj in 3:06.83, followed by American Phil Mahre in 3:07.07.

Mahre was seventh in the first heat with a run of 1:33.81. But in the second, he was timed in 1:33.26, five one-hundredths of a secoed slower than Stenmark, thanks to a remarkable performance on the first section of the

Brimo Nockler of Italy was fifth overall in 3:07.21, ahead of An-dreas Wenzel of Liechtenstein,

3:07.46, Switzerland's Pirmin Zurwith 67 points, ahead of Austrian Stenmark, trailing after the first downhill champion Leonard Stock heat, came back in the second to win a men's World Company of Austria (3:07.96) Hans Enn, who has 63. track and he abandoned the race.

Stenmark Rallies, Wins

Cup Giant Slalom Race

Said Stenmark: "I've always liked to sit in third or fourth place after the first run. It puts the pressure on the leaders and leaves me relaxed when I start my attack."

Stenmark's attack came armd a light snowfall during the afternoon run down the 1,410-meter course with a 400-meter drop through 60 gates. Stenmark is a three-time World Cup winner as well as a double gold medalist at last win-ter's Lake Placid Olympics.

The Morzine race counts with

the downhill in Garmisch-Partenkirchen, West Germany, Jan. 10 toward the combined title. The victory gave Stenmark 75 points, within five of front-running

Peter Mueller of Switzerland in the p standings. Mueller finished 18th in Tuesday's competition.

A Snarling Svare and Bradley the Bad-Mouther

## Yesteryears Echo in NFL Conference Playoffs

By Dave Anderson New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Several years ago Harland Svare, then the San Diego Charger coach, glanced up at a light fixture in the ceiling of his team's locker room at the Oak-

land Coliseum.
"Damn you, Al Davis!" be

What Grebey refers to as "their

own money' comes from gate re-

by the players' performance. It is all collected by the clubs, and what

ate. The amount of the payment is

"The figure of \$15.5 million

calculated on the amount of reve-

translates into more than \$596,000

equal to more than \$23,000 for

each of the 25 players on the regular season roster. That is on top of

the salary and bonuses covered by

the player's personal contract with

ing the minimum salary of \$30,000 actually gets \$53,000, with \$23,000 withheld until he starts drawing a

Impressive

As the report says, the benefits are impressive. Cash payments range from \$1,260 a year — \$105 a

month — for a player who lasts only one season in the majors to

\$57,888 a year — \$4,834 a month —for a player like Carl Yastrzem-

ski with 20 years in the majors. In

addition, there are medical and life

insurance, disability payments and

It is a good plan, one for which the players fought hard over a

good many years. Te be sure, it has nothing whatever to do with

the compensation issue, but let's

**NHL Standings** 

CAMPBELL CONFERENCE Patrick Division

payments for widows, -

one received from TV.

the Raiders' managing general genius had bugged the Chargers' locker room. When this was mentioned later te Davis, he smiled. "The thing wasn't in the light fix-ture," Davis said smugly. "I'll tell you that."

. And during the years when the Philadelphia Eagles were losing regularly to the Dallas Cowboys, the Eagles' stormy safety, Bill Bradley, often growled in his frustration about how "the Cowboys think they're so great," Bradley was from the University of Texas. No. 1 and Lucky to Be There but he quickly emerged as the most unpopular Eagle in Dallas, although he still was selected te an

all-time all-pro team of Texas players for a Cowboy promotion. Stiffing the Boos

"When we put the players by twos in open cars to ride around Texas Stadium," said Doug Todd of the Cowboy front office, "we had to put Bradley in the same car with Sammy Baugh so he wouldn't get booed.'

Svare and Bradley are no longer in pro football. But their spirited resentment of the Raiders and the Cowboys typifies the plot for Sunday's two conference championship games in the Super Bowl playoffs.

The common denominator fer the two games is 1960. The Raiders, the Chargers and the Cowboys were born that year; the Eagles won their last championship that year. But the plot has been coming to a boil over the last 15 years, during which the Raiders and the Cowboys dominated the divisions in which the Chargers and the Eagles have finally ascended to first place above their longtime tormen-

Home-Site Edge

Actually, the Chargers and the Eagles finished first this season only by virtue of the National Football League's complex tie-breaker formula, which turned the Raiders and the Cowboys into wild-card teams. But that formula has enabled San Diego and Philadelphia to be the sites for Sunday's

As important as the home-field advantage is during the regular season, it's even more critical in the playoffs. Only two teams since 1970 have qualified for the Super Bowl by winning two away games in the playoffs — the Los Angeles Rams last year at Dallas and Tambar Ray and the Combons in 1975. pa Bay and the Cowboys in 1975 at Minnesota and Los Angeles.

Now the Raiders and the Cowboys have the opportunity to turn Super Bowl XV inte the first the playoff structure since the 1970 merger, the 1975 Cowboys have been the only wild-card team to get to the Super Bowl, where they

shouted. "Damn you, I know you're up there!" lost to Pittsburgh, 21-17, in Miami.
Technically the 1969 Kansas
Svare suspected, of course, that were not a wild-card team. That year the American Football League instituted a playoff system in which the first two teams in each division qualified.

Even as wild-card teams, the Raiders and the Cowboys have traditions of excellence on their side. "To me, this Raider team is a lot like '76, when we won the Super Bowl," says Gene Upshaw, the left guard who, in his 14th season, is now the Raiders' elder

Part of the Raiders' destiny that year involved injuries to Franco Harris and Rocky Bleier, making it easier for the Raiders to oust the Steelers, 24-7, in the AFC championship game. This time the Raiders' destiny

may be determined by a back injury to Greg McCrary, one of the Chargers' two tight ends. Without him, the Chargers will have to alter the passing offense that has terror-ized NFL defenses.

The way the Raiders handled the Browns, 14-12, in Cleveland's deep freeze Sunday, perhaps Davis will want to move his franchise to Fairbanks or Nome instead of Los Angeles. If San Diego had not climinated Buffalo last Saturday, the Raiders would be playing for the AFC title at Buffale in another Arctic adventure.

Place in the Sun "We all wanted San Diego to win," Davis said. "We can play our game down there." Uetil the rise of the Chargers

under Don Coryell, the Raiders had one stretch of 18 games against the Chargers without a loss 16 victories and two ties. In those same years, the Cowboys won 21 of 23 games against Phila-delphia, including 11 straight, until the rise of the Eagles under Dick Vermeil.

"We're glad the Cowboys beat the Falcons on Sunday," the Eagle coach says. "If the Falcons had won, we'd have to play them in Atlanta; this way we're at home."
With a cold wave in the North-

east. Philadelphia could be as bitter as Cleveland was. But these Eagles will be trying to de what the 1960 Eagles did — win the NFC championship.

Memorable Eagle

That year Norm Van Brocklin was their quarterback, but the Eagle to remember from that team was Chuck Bednarik. He played center on offense and middle linebacker on defense throughout that championship game, a 17-13 tri-umpb over the Green Bay Packers, then in their second season with Vince Lombardi as coach. With 17 seconds left, the Pack-

ers were on the Eagle 23-yard line when Bart Starr threw a short pass to Jim Taylor, the fullback. At the 15-yard line, Taylor ran through Don Burroughs, the slender Eagle safety. Taylor was eburning toward the end zone when Bednarik hit him at the 10, wrapped his

on top of him as the final seconds flashed on the scoreboard clock. "Get off me," Taylor yelled.
"Get the hell off me, damn it." "You can get up now," Bednarik

### 'Skins' Cooke Fires **Head Coach Pardee**

WASHINGTON — Washington Redskin Coach Jack Pardee was fired Monday by owner Jack Kent Cooke, who said he preferred the slow-growth philosophy of Gener-

al Manager Bobby Beathard. Cooke, who fumed as his 1980 Redskins stumbled to a 6-10 record in the National Football League, said, "I have decided that a change of the coaching staff is in order. Jack Pardee has agreed to relinquish his duties as head coach of the Redskins, effective at once."

2 Philosophies

Pardee and Beathard were involved in a low-key philosophical battle that surfaced in the media late in the season. Pardee preferred to play veterans at the expense of younger players, boping for imme-diate success. Beathard felt the team was three years away from being a major power and wanted Pardee to play the younger play-

Cooke said he held several meetings with both men and "T've de-cided to enderse Mr. Beathard's program for a winning future for the Redskins. The search for the new head coach will begin at once. He will choose his staff of assistant coaches, working closely with Beathard.

"I expect that the differences that have existed within the Redskin organization will now be re-solved," Cooke said in a prepared statement. Pardee, whose three Redskin

teams were 24-24, probably scaled his fate the final week of the season when be said be could not and would not return to the Redskins "under current conditions."

No Way

He said at the time: "There is no

way a coach or a team can win here right now. Things have got to be squared away, whether I'm here or not. And Cooke will straighten them out, I'm sure. He doesn't want to lose." Pardee blamed much of the

team's lackluster performance on published reports speculating on which players might return next year and which might be let go, traded or retire. He also placed part of the blame en Cooke's midseason statement that a decision

**Jack Pardee** 

would be made fellowing the season on whether Pardee would be

"What kind of a commitment are you going to get eut of [the players], day-to-day or long-term, when they don't know if you are going to be here next year?" he asked before the final game of the

Pardee resigned as coach of the Chicago Bears to seek the Redskin job when George Allen was fired three season ago. In his three seasons at Chicago, the Bears were 20-22; his 1974 Florida Blazers in the short-lived World Football League

Pardee, then 38, was the young-est head coach in the NFL when hired by the Bears in December, 1974. He took the Bears from a 4-10 record in 1975 to the playoffs in

Named coach of the Redskins Jan. 24, 1978, Pardee's first cleb got eff to a 6-0 start but lost eight of its last 10 games. The 1979 'Skins missed the playoffs in the final game of the season and fin-

Pardee's return to the Redskins came five years after be ended his 15-year NFL playing career by re-tiring after the Redskins' 14-7 loss to the Miami Dolphins in Super

**ESCORTS & GUIDES** 

Space Would 1930 carded from the ereine for spake of hear's and during overruited The ंबर १८ ल्यु च इन्हर्म दर्भार भाग आर्थ Two other per noted I mining m at the third Statement of the were maked it before jedding 14 be such is risk. to begin his stud career. His 1981 book of 150 mares is full at a fee of \$35,000 per vice; the 4-year-old is insured for \$20, mares is full at a fee of \$35,000 per

Los Anceles S. Colgory 2 (Hordy (2), Golden (6); Dionne (31), Jemen (2), M. Murtey (7); Lo NBA Standings Boston New York Alisoulos Indiono Chicoso Altonio Clevelond Denver Deltas Los Andeles Golden State Partiana Scattle Son Diesa rvice; the 4-year-old is insured for \$20 million. Syndicated for a standardbred record \$10 dion in 1979, Niatross recently finished his racing career with total earnings of \$2.01 illon. He won 37 of 39 races overall and holds the all-time mile pacing record of 1-49.2 latross is shown being tended near statue of Castleton's great standardbred Bret Hanover.

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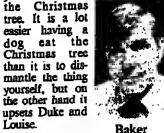
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### **Holiday Tails & Tales**

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — Now that it's over I have to admit it was a pretty good holiday around our place. Our son Duke and his wife Louise came and spent several days and brought their dog Biff.

year when he ate the Christmas tree. It is a lot easier having a dog eat the Christmas tree than it is to dis-mantle the thing



Louise. Last year they wanted to rush out right in the middle of the turkey and find a veterinarian to pump Biff's stomach, and of course Biff stayed up all night howling with a stomach ache and belching pine needles all over the parlor rug.

Anyhow, Biff had settled down this year. So had our son Parker, who came with his wife Sybil and stayed several days, though we always think of Parker's visits in terms of nights, since he likes to sleep until sundown, then have breakfast and settle down for six or seven hours of listening to old Rolling Stones records just about the time everybody else is going to

Last year Parker and Biff had a terrible row. After three or four nights of tossing sleeplessly on ac-count of the blasts from the Stones, Biff lost his temper and threatened to eat Parker's records. As a matter of fact, I threatened to eat a few myself, but Parker is a big fellow now. It's been long time since I could spank him with any

The long and short of it was that Parker faked out Biff by throwing him my Bing Crosby records and warned me that if I ate his Rolling Stones records he would never again get my car started for me. you see, is sort of a magician with carburetors and distributors as well as automobiles in general, all of which treat me with

ontempt. Under Sybil's influence, Parker

has settled down and played nothing through the night except high stakes poker with a group of beer guzzlers he has known since high

For a while we didn't think our daughter Glenda would join us on Biff is a big fellow. Real big. But account of not being able to find a he has settled down a lot since last cat sitter to look after her four cats, but she did. We were over at Jim and Harriet's when she phoned from the airport and said could we pick ber up at the airport because no taxi driver was willing to transport four cats.

Well I went out to the car and naturally it wouldn't start, so I had to walk home and get Parker out of bed — it was still only 4 p.m. and bring him back to speak to the carburetor, then drive him back to our place so he could have breakfast before his poker cronies arrived, then drive to the airport and collect Glenda and her four cats, which I did without having a maior accident.

We were afraid maybe Glenda's cats and Biff would not get along and possibly destroy the couch in a fight, but not so. After stalking each other for a while, cars and dog came to a fair settlement of territorial rights under which the cats took the parlor and left the rest of the house to Biff.

The cats marked off their territory with the assistance of Glenda's male cat named Max Bialystock, who sprayed the couch, the wing chairs, the carpet and curtains with aromatic cat perfume.

After Glenda arrived, Grandmother surprised us all by showing up from her home in the north.
Usually Grandmother spends the
whole week telling us how much
colder it is up north where she lives than it is where we live, but this week she let up after only two days of boasting. This may have been because Biff threatened to bite her, or maybe because Biff really did

In any case, her boasting stopped after only two days. It was a pretty good holiday. By New Year's Day everybody had left us, and Jim and Harriet came over and brought their new dog named Prince, and Prince ate our Christmas tree, saving us an awful job since he also finished off the ornaments for dessert. It was a pretty

New York Times Service

## Log Cabins Making a Comeback

By Michael deCourcy Hinds New York Times Service

NEW YORK — The desire for homes that have a natural, authentic feeling has brought back that quintessential American dwelling, the log cabin. Last year about 70,000 people spent approximately \$1 billion constructing log buildings, a 50-percent increase over 1979, according to an industry spokesman. Vacation cabins are still big sellers, but almost 80 percent of log houses now being built are

primary residences.

Almost 200 companies —
some old, most fairly young —
and thousands of their dealerbuilders are supplying this grow-ing market with a staggering ar-ray of log dwellings. There are handmade log cabins, construct-ed with centuries-old techniques; pre-cut house-kits that provide some or all of the needed materials; kits with prefabricated log walls; modular log houses that usually come in two sections; and even log-faced mobile

homes. In addition to rustic charm, log houses are relatively inexpensive (kits cost \$9,000 to \$35,000) and as do-it-yourself projects re-quire a minimum of skill.

About 75 percent of log-home buyers hire contractors, but the pre-cut kits usually can be erected in four to 10 days, keeping la-bor costs low. The total price, including fixtures and mechanical equipment, is two to five times the cost of the basic kit.

Maintenance costs are also relatively low. Since "natural" is the desired look, only occasional applications of water repellent are needed on the exterior, and little or nothing need be done to inte-rior log walls.

#### Solar Heat

The energy efficiency of log houses ranges from average to excellent — depending on the model and amount of insulation requested - even though the thermal efficiency of a log wall is rated lower than a frame wall with 31/2 inches of fiberglass insulation, according to Steven Win-ter & Associates Inc., a New York engineering firm hired by the industry to evaluate log walls. Steven Winter, president of the firm, explained that log walls



A modern log cabin constructed in New Hampshire.

erform better outdoors than in laboratory tests because wood stores and radiates some solar heat as well as being an insulator. The insulating value of logs, however, is not the only important energy factor. The biggest potential problem is the possibili-ty of cold air and moisture seeping through cracks.

Most companies mill the loss with single, and sometimes double tongue-and-groove joints, connect the logs with vertical splines and use plastic gaskets and caulking compounds be-tween logs. No independent comparisons have been made between the different scaling systems available, but no matter what type of joint is used, the seal may fail if the logs warp,

shrink or rot. "I've heard of houses where the doors and windows literally fell out because log shrinkage wasn't taken into account when using green logs," said William Feist, a chemist at the Forest Products Laboratory of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Logs should be cut and stripped of bark in the winter

and air-dried for at least six months, Faist said. Trees felled in the spring and summer, when the sap is up, are more suscepti-ble to mildew, sap stain and bug

infestation. The woods best suited to log buildings, according to the laboratory, are cedar, spruce, pine, fir and larch, in that order. Of these, only the heartwood of cedar is naturally resistant to decay.

All logs should be coated with, at the very least, a water repellent preservative (every three to five years) or a semitransparent, oilbased, penetrating stain (every three to 10 years).

#### Suspect Compound

Because of potential health risks, users are told to be wary of logs treated with the widely used preservative pentachlorophenol. The Environmental Protection Agency is studying this com-pound, which has been reported to cause rashes, nausea, tremors and general debilitation. The most central source of in-

formation about log home com-

panies is the annual directory of the Log Home Guide for Build-ers and Buyers.

"You can get a tighter house with milled log kins, but you won't get a handmade house," said craft historian David Goff, whose specialty is restoring old log forts and building new houses with old techniques.

"I'll travel anywhere to build a log house . . . if there's good hunting and the countryside is good looking," he said. His com-pany, Traditional Craftsmen of Oneida, N.Y., builds eight to 10 log houses a year.

His finished houses don't have fancy price tags. A 2,000-square-foot house made with full round logs is about \$28,000, including mechanical equipment and fix-tures. The same size house built in another traditional method, with squared logs separated by cement, would cost about \$36,000 complete.

People who take one of his sixday, 48-hour courses, for \$150, can build their own houses for

#### PEOPLE: Domingo runs run of 'Turandot' in Pel Domingo Plans Film

Operatic tenor Placido Domingo plans to join conductor Herbert von Karsian and director Franco Zeffirelli in Peking next year to make a film version of Puccini's "Turandot." Domingo said in London that negotiations are nearly completed for the project. "The Chinese have apparently given their approval," he said. Negotiations are under way to determine who will sing the role of the icv Chinese princess, melted by the love of a stalwart tenor. Domingo and Zeffirelli - this time collaborating with conductor Leonard Bernstein — also plan a film ver-sion of Verdi's "Aida" next year on location in Egypt. "They are both on a big scale and are two ideal works to do on film," said the 39-year-old tenor, who has already made movies of Puccini's "Tosca" and "Madame Butterfly." Federico Fellini has begun preparations for a new film, but with the

Italian director's usual secrecy only the title is known — "The Sarajevo Assassination." Film sources in Rome said they doubted it would be a historical epic about the incident that triggered World War I. Is will be filmed at the Rome studio Cinecitta, where Fel-lini has made most of his movies, including his last, "The City of Women."

"Melvin and Howard" has been selected best picture of the year by the National Society of Film Critics in the United States. The film also captured the award for best screen play, and Mary Steenburgen was named best supporting actress for her role in the picture.
"Raging Bull," which depicts the violent career of boxer Jake La Motte, was runner-up for best pic-ure, and its director, Martin Scoraese, was named best director.

Joe Pesci was chosen as best supporting actor for his role in "Raging Bull," which also won the award for best cinematography.

The society voted Peter O'Toole has actor for his role in "The best actor for his role in "The Stunt Man," and Sissy Spacek as best actress for "Coal Miner's Daughter."

Singer and actress Doris Day has filed for divorce from her fourth husband, businessman Barry Comden. They were married in 1976 and separated three years later. Day, 56, best known for her film image as the clean-living, freckle-faced girl next door, filed the suit

SERVICES

Princess Marie-Astr embourg, once favored a ble bride for Britain Charles, is to marry a \ man count, the London I reported. The newspaper an official announce March that Marie-Astric wed Count Georg von Chrystie Jenner says a m lem in her now-broken n Chrystie Jeoner says a m Olympic decathlon Bruce Jenner was her v but it was a goal I acce said. "Now I see that body's responsibility to about what will be sace marriage." The Jenners a year ago and their . nearly final. In an articl magazine, she described age 30. "Today the things in my life are my 2, and Casey, 7 months]

in Los Angeles Superior ( ing irreconcilable dil

The shooting death I of Richard Meeker, on tress Mary Tyler Moor ruled an accident by the les County coroner's ruling was based prime: statements of witness spokesman for the office.

24, a messenger at CBS in mid-October by the c shotgun he was he The coroner's office als actress Rachel Robe body was found in the of her West Los Ange November, committed taking an overdose of b The 53-year-old Wel tress, who once immen best-known role was a Harrison's real-life will complished stage and

work, my friends and n

and I feel fulfilled

Jenner has been dating da Thompson, 30. Miss is a featured performe.

Hee Haw' series.

Bruce Swertfager, ar tario since 1974, has general manager of the ater Center, Swerdfag with the Stratford con-

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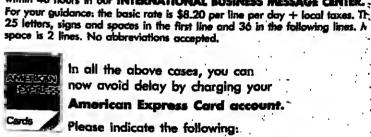
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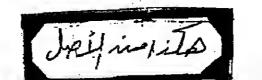
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